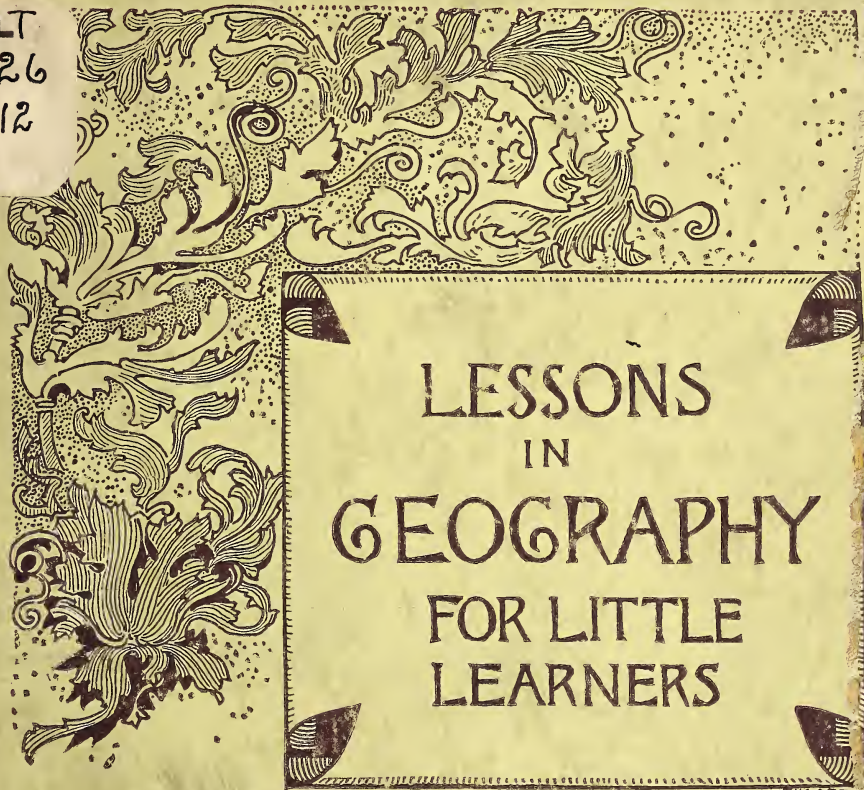


LT  
G126  
.Q12

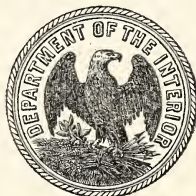


LESSONS  
IN  
GEOGRAPHY  
FOR LITTLE  
LEARNERS



NEW YORK  
D. APPLETON & CO.

**LIBRARY**  
**BUREAU OF EDUCATION**



LT  
-----  
Q126  
-----  
.Q12  
-----

PROPERTY OF UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND LIBRARY

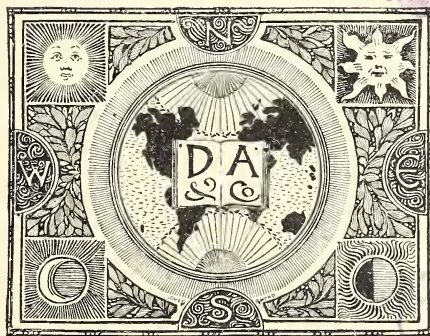
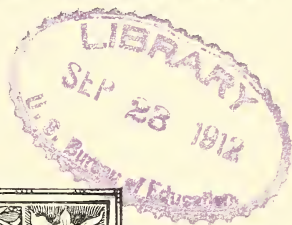




NLE  
ed.gov

# LESSONS IN GEOGRAPHY FOR LITTLE LEARNERS

Quackenbos, John Duncan.



D. APPLETON & CO.  
NEW YORK

LT  
G126  
.Q12

## P R E F A C E .

THE phenomenal success of the "First Steps in Geography," during a period of more than thirty years, and its present popularity and wide circulation among the teachers of Primary Classes, have induced the publishers to present this new and attractive little work, in which is retained the original system of imparting geographical knowledge to the young, while the plan is practical and modern. It is designed as an introductory book to any Series, and is confined to subjects which the beginner can readily master. The most general features only are treated, and these are impressed on the learner's mind by appropriate object-lessons. The style is catechetical; the answers to the questions are brief, pointed, and expressed in language exceedingly simple and easily committed. Clear and beautiful maps in color, unencumbered with names not referred to in the text, are introduced, not as mere illustrations, but to be memorized, in their few conspicuous features, as carefully as the answers in the several lessons. Fresh and instructive designs, by leading artists, further serve to fix the pupil's attention; and his memory is assisted by frequent reviews.

Step by step, the little learner, having acquired the idea of direction and formed definite conceptions of the Natural Divisions of land and water through the aid of pictures and diagrams, is led out from his own State and country, and made acquainted briefly but interestingly with foreign lands and strange peoples. Thus, while the successive lessons are mastered with surprising facility, a taste for geographical investigation is at the same time formed and fostered.

## LIST OF MAPS.

	PAGE		PAGE
1. THE WORLD, showing the Land and Water . . . . .	5	11. THE CENTRAL AND NORTH CENTRAL STATES . . . . .	40
2. THE WORLD, showing the Continents . . . . .	6	12. THE PACIFIC AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN STATES AND TERRITORIES . . . . .	44
3. THE WORLD, showing the Grand Divisions . . . . .	7	13. DOMINION OF CANADA, western part . . . . .	50
4. THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE . . . . .	18	14. DOMINION OF CANADA, eastern part . . . . .	51
5. THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE . . . . .	20	15. SOUTH AMERICA . . . . .	52
6. NORTH AMERICA . . . . .	22	16. EUROPE . . . . .	56
7. THE UNITED STATES . . . . .	26	17. ASIA . . . . .	60
8. THE EASTERN STATES . . . . .	28	18. AFRICA . . . . .	64
9. THE MIDDLE STATES . . . . .	32	19. OCEANIA . . . . .	68
10. THE SOUTHERN STATES . . . . .	36		

COPYRIGHT, 1889, BY D. APPLETON AND COMPANY.

Transferred from the Library  
 of Congress under Sec. 59,  
 Copyright Act of Nov. 4, 1909

R.N. 12-21-21

# LESSONS IN GEOGRAPHY



## FOR LITTLE LEARNERS

### LESSON I.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Ge-og'-ra-phy,  
Earth,

Sur'face,  
An'i-mals,

Plants,  
Fish'es.

What does Geography tell us about?  
Geography tells us about the Earth on which we live.

What is the shape of the Earth?  
The Earth is round like a Ball.

Of what part of the Earth does Geography tell us?

Of the outside of the Earth.

What is the outside of the Earth called?

It is called the Earth's surface.

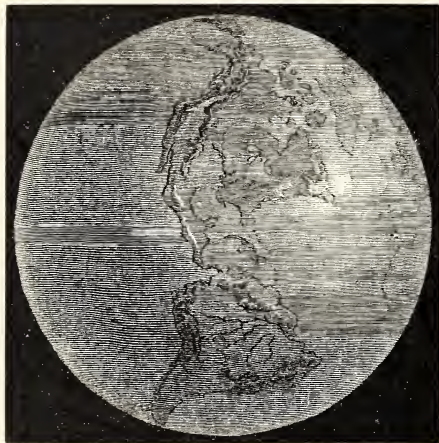
How is the Earth's surface made up?  
The Earth's surface is made up of Land and Water.

Of what else does Geography tell us?

Geography tells us of the Plants and Animals that are found on the Land, and the Fishes that live in the Water.

NOTE.—The teacher should further explain, and as far as possible illustrate objectively, the definitions presented in these introductory Lessons.





This is a picture of the Round Earth.

## LESSON II.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Globe,	Di-rec'tion,
Teach'er,	Ri'ses,
Draw'ings,	To'ward.

What does a Globe show ?

The whole of the Earth's surface,  
in its round form.

(Perhaps your teacher will let you look at  
a Globe.)

How does your Book show the Earth's  
surface ?

By means of drawings called  
Maps.

What is a Map ?

A Map is a drawing of the whole  
or a part of the Earth's surface.

Point to where the Sun rises. What name  
is given to that direction ?

East.

Point to where the Sun sets. What name  
is given to that direction ?

West.

Which way on a Map is East ?

Toward the right is East.

Which way on a Map is West ?

Toward the left is West.

## LESSON III.

Spell and pronounce these words :

North-east,	South-west,
North-west,	Bot'tom,
South-east,	Or'der.

What other directions are there ?

North and South.

Which way on a Map is North ?

Toward the top is North.

Which way on a Map is South ?

Toward the bottom is South.

What do we call the direction between  
North and East ?

Northeast.

Between North and West ?

Northwest.

Between South and East ?

Southeast.

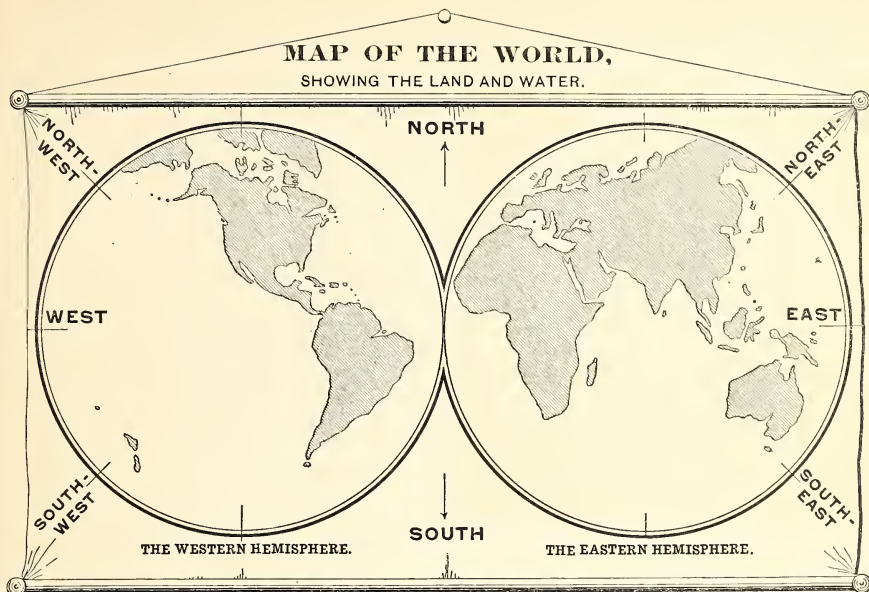
Between South and West ?

Southwest.

Look at the map on the next page. Name  
the directions in order, beginning with the  
North and going East. Name them, begin-  
ning with the North and going West.

NOTE.—The teacher should explain, and illustrate on a globe, that parallels all run due east and west, and meridians exactly north and south, however curved they may appear to the pupil.

# MAP OF THE WORLD, SHOWING THE LAND AND WATER.



## LESSON IV.

Spell and pronounce these words :

World,	Hem'i-sphere,
Di-vid'ed,	Some'times,
Bod'y,	Or'ange.

What is the Drawing above called ?

It is called a Map of the World.

What does a Map of the World show ?

It shows all the Land and Water on the Earth's surface.

How are you to know the Land from the Water ?

The Land is dark, the Water is white.

Is there more Water than Land ?

Yes, there is three times as much Water as Land.

Look at the Map and tell me the names of the two parts into which the Earth is divided.

The Earth is divided into the Eastern and the Western Hemisphere.

What does the word Hemisphere mean ?

It means half a Sphere.

And what is a sphere ?

A Sphere is a round body, like a Ball or an Orange.

Is the Earth a Sphere ?

Yes, the Earth is a Sphere.

By what other name is it sometimes called ?

It is sometimes called a Globe.

Is a Globe round like a Sphere ?

Yes, a Globe is round like a Sphere.

What is the Eastern half of the Earth called?

What is the Western half of the Earth called?

**MAP OF THE WORLD,**  
SHOWING THE CONTINENTS.



THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE



THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE.

**LESSON V.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Con'ti-nent,	Aus-tra'li-an,
East'ern,	Re-mem'ber,
West'ern,	Learned.

Look at this second Map of the World. How can you tell the Land from the Water?

The Water is blue.

There are names on the Land. What is the Land in the Western Hemisphere called?

It is called the Western Continent.

What is the Land in the Eastern Hemisphere called?

It is called the Eastern and the Australian Continent.

Tell me what a Continent is.

A Continent is a very large body of Land.

How many Continents are shown on your Map?

Three.

Will you read their names?

Which of the Continents are in the Eastern Hemisphere?

The Eastern and the Australian Continent.

Which is in the Western Hemisphere?

The Western Continent.

Do you remember what you learned about direction? Tell me, then, in what part of



the Eastern Hemisphere is the Eastern Continent?

It is in the northern and the western part.

In what part is the Australian Continent?

In what part of the Western Hemisphere is the Western Continent?

In what direction is the Western from the Eastern Continent?

The Eastern from the Western Continent?

### MAP OF THE WORLD, SHOWING THE GRAND DIVISIONS AND THE OCEANS.



THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.



THE EASTERN HEMISPHERE.

#### LESSON VI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Di-vis'ions,	Af'rica,
A-mer'i-ca,	A'si-a,
Eu'rope,	Aus-tra'lia.

Look at the third Map of the World, shown above. Can you find on it the three Continents? What are the new names which you see on the Land?

The names of the parts, or divisions, of the Continents.

What are these parts called?

The Grand Divisions of the Earth.

Name the Grand Divisions of the Western Continent.

North America and South America.

Name the Grand Divisions of the Eastern Continent?

Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australia.

Which is the smallest of the Grand Divisions?

How many Grand Divisions are there?

Six.

Give their names again.

In what direction is South America from North America ?

Point toward South America ?

In what direction is Asia from Europe ?  
It is east.

In what direction is Australia from Asia ?

## LESSON VII.

Spell and pronounce these words :

O'cean,	Arctic,
Stud'y-ing,	At-lan'tic,
Sur-round',	Pa-cif'ic,
Mid'dle,	In'di-an.

What else is shown on the Map you have just been studying ?

The Ocean, and its Five Parts.

What is the Ocean ?

A large body of salt water, which surrounds (lies round) the Continents.

By what other name is the Ocean sometimes known ?

The Sea.

Into how many parts is it divided ?

Five.

And what are these parts called ?

They are called Oceans.

Name the five Oceans.

The Atlantic, the Pacific, the Indian, the Arctic, and the Antarctic.

Where is the Atlantic Ocean ?

The Atlantic Ocean is in the eastern part of the Western Hemisphere, and the western part of the Eastern Hemisphere.

Where is the Pacific Ocean ?

Where is the Indian Ocean ?

The Indian Ocean is in the middle of the Eastern Hemisphere.

Look at the Map, and tell me where is the Arctic Ocean.

Where is the Antarctic Ocean ?

## LESSON VIII.

### REVIEW.

What have you learned so far in Geography ?

I have learned that the Earth is round.

The Earth's surface is made up of Land and Water.

There is three times as much Water as Land.

The chief directions on the Earth are North, East, South, and West.

The Earth is divided into the Eastern and the Western Hemisphere.

North and South America are in the Western Hemisphere.

Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australia, are in the Eastern Hemisphere.

North and South America, Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australia, are Continents.

There are five Oceans—the Atlantic, the Pacific, the Indian, the Arctic, and the Antarctic.



Here is a picture of a little piece of land surrounded by water. It is called an Island.

### LESSON IX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Pict'ure,	Small'er,
Isl'and,	Pen-in'su-la,
Dif'fer-ent,	Isth'mus.

Look at the Picture and tell me what an Island is?

An Island is a body of land surrounded by water.

How is it different from a Continent?  
It is much smaller.



This is a map of an Island.

What does the word Peninsula mean?

It means almost an Island.

What is a Peninsula?

A Peninsula is a body of land almost surrounded by water.

What is the strip of land called which joins a Peninsula to the main-land?

It is called an Isthmus.

How is a Peninsula different from an Island?

What is an Isthmus? Look at the Picture at the top of the next page.



This is a map of a Peninsula and an Isthmus.



**LESSON X.**

Spell and pronounce  
these words:

Mount'ain, Vol-ca'no,  
Val'ley, Ash'es,  
To-geth'er, La'va.

What is shown  
in the Picture at  
the bottom of the  
page?

A Cape.

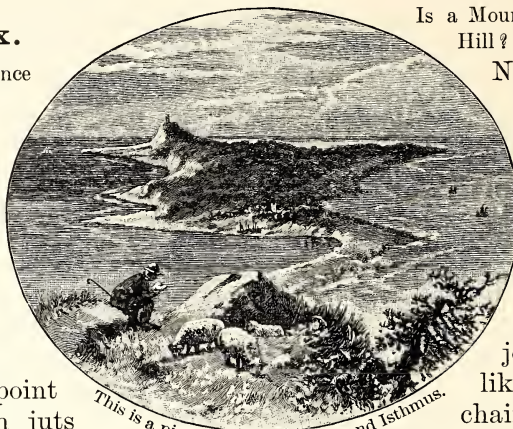
What is a Cape?

A Cape is a point  
of land which juts  
into the water.

Look at the Picture at the bottom of the  
next page. What does it show?

What is a Mountain?

A Mountain is land higher than  
the country around it.



*This is a picture of a Peninsula and Isthmus.*

Is a Mountain the same as a  
Hill?

No, a Mountain is  
higher than a  
Hill.

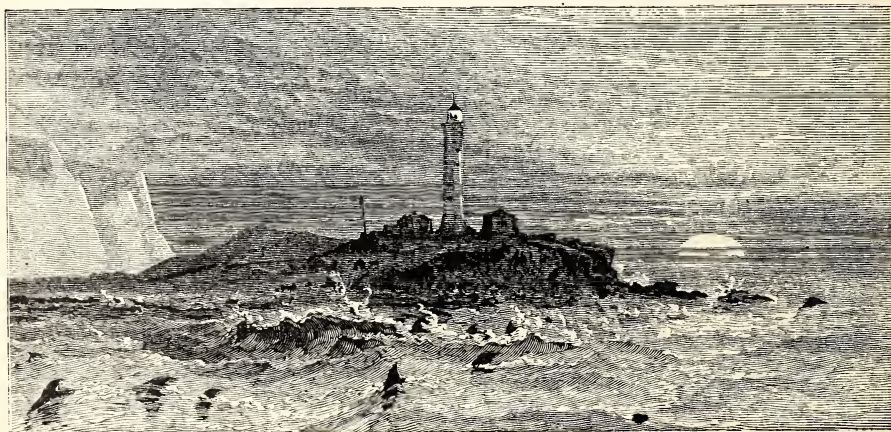
What is a Mount-  
ain Chain or  
Range?

A Mountain  
Chain is a line  
of Mountains  
joined together  
like links in a  
chain.

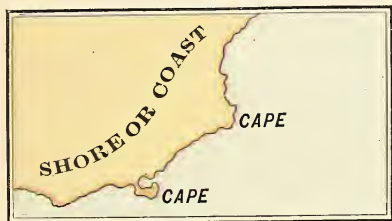
What is a Mountain called which  
sends forth smoke, fire, ashes, and melted  
rock known as lava?

It is called a Volcano.

(The ashes and lava sometimes cover up  
towns and cities.)



Here is a picture of a Cape.

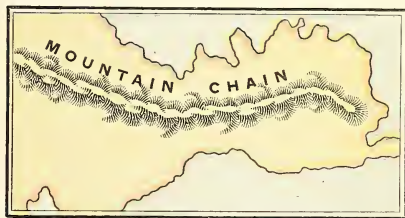


This map shows two Capes.

What is land lying between Hills or Mountains called?

A Valley.

Now, will you give the names of the Natural Divisions of Land?

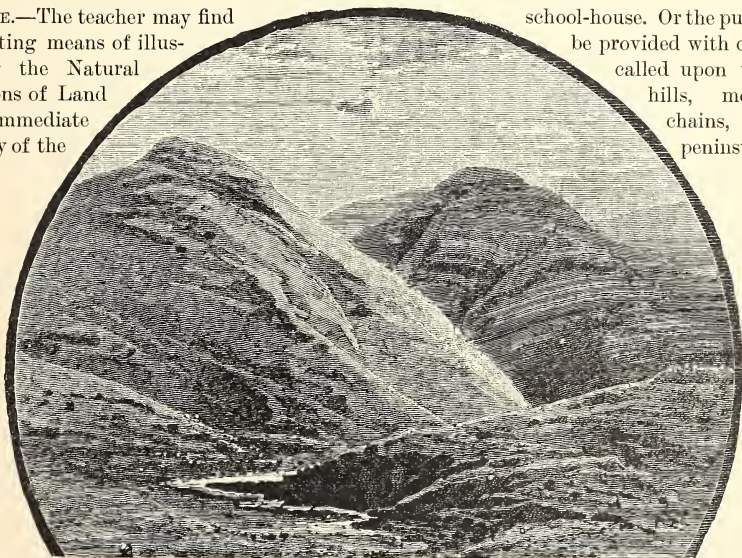


This map shows a Mountain-Chain.

Continents, Islands, Peninsulas, Isthmuses, Capes, Hills, Mountains, and Valleys, are the Natural Divisions of Land.

Tell me again what a Continent is.

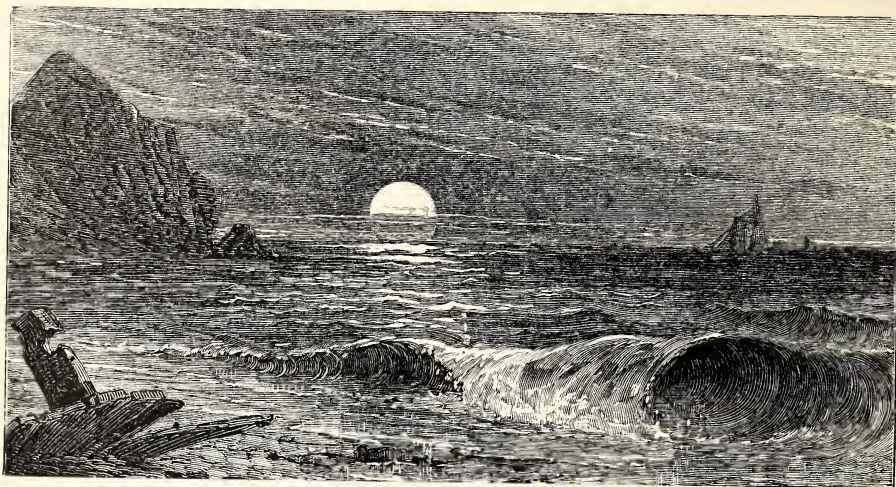
NOTE.—The teacher may find interesting means of illustrating the Natural Divisions of Land in the immediate vicinity of the



school-house. Or the pupils may be provided with clay, and called upon to mold hills, mountain-chains, islands, peninsulas, etc.

Here is a picture of some Mountains.





This is a scene on the Sea-Shore.

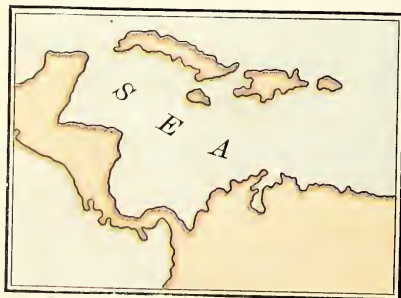
### LESSON XI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Sea,  
Gulf,  
Bay,

Strait,  
Nar'row,  
Chan'nel.

We shall now learn something about the Natural Divisions of Water. Look at this



Here is a map of a Sea.

pretty picture of the sea-shore and tell me again what the Ocean is.

The Ocean is a large body of salt water.

Is the Ocean the largest Natural Division of water?

It is.

What is a Sea?

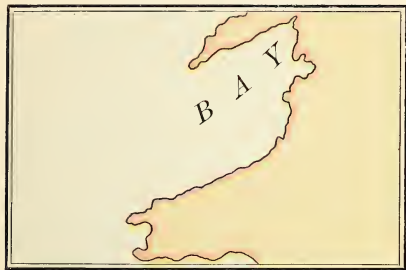
A Sea is a large arm of the Ocean.

What other body of water is also an arm of the Ocean?

A Gulf.

NOTE.—Let the teacher illustrate, as in the case of the Natural Divisions of Land. A neighboring stream and pond may serve as the basis for developing the ideas of lake and river. Source and Mouth, Banks (right and left) and Branch, may thus be explained objectively; perhaps, also, Bay, Strait, and Channel.





Here is a map of a Bay.

What is a Bay?

A Bay is an arm of some larger body of water stretching into the land.

Look at the Map above, and tell me what is a Strait?

A Strait is a narrow piece of



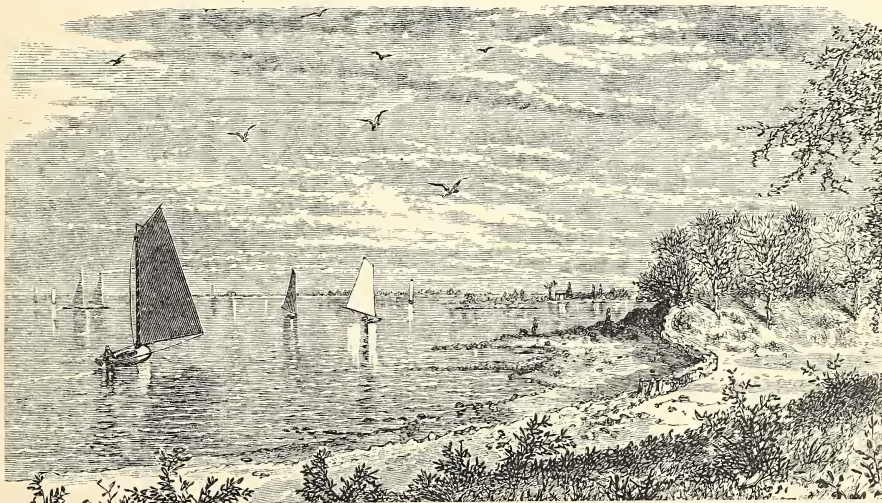
Here is a map of a Strait.

water joining two larger bodies of water.

Between what does a Strait lie?

Is a Strait ever called by any other name?

Yes, it is sometimes called a Channel.



This is a picture of a Bay.

**LESSON XII.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Sound,	Riv'er,
Shal'low,	Source,
Lake,	Mouth,
Branch.	

What Natural Divisions of Water have we found?

Oceans, Seas, Gulfs, Bays, Straits, and Channels.

What other Divisions are there?  
Sounds, Lakes, and Rivers.

What is a Sound?

A Sound is a shallow Channel or Bay.

What is a Lake?

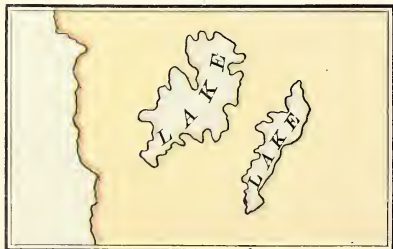
A Lake is a body of water almost or quite surrounded by land.

(A Lake is larger than a Pond.)

What is a River?

A River is a large stream of water flowing through the land.

What are little Streams called?  
Brooks, Rills, and Creeks.



This is a map of two Lakes.

What is the Source of a River?

The Source of a River is where it rises, or begins to flow.

What is the Mouth of a River?

The Mouth of a River is where it flows into some other body of water.

Into what other bodies of water may a River flow?

A River may flow into the Ocean, or into a Lake, or into another River.

What is a Lake?

What is a River?

What is a River called which flows into another River?

It is called a Branch.

What are the Banks of a River?

The Banks of a River are the strips of land on each side of the River.

Now will you give the names of the Natural Divisions of Water?

Oceans, Seas, Gulfs, Bays, Straits, Channels, Sounds, Lakes, and Rivers.



This is a map of two Rivers and a Lake.



This is a picture of a stream of water called a River.

### LESSON XIII.

#### REVIEW.

What have you learned since our last Review?

I have learned about the Grand Divisions of Land and the Grand Divisions of Water.

Name the Grand Divisions of Land and tell me what each is.

A Continent is a large body of land.

An Island is a body of land surrounded by water.

A Peninsula is a body of land almost surrounded by water.

An Isthmus is a strip of land which joins a Peninsula to the main-land.



This is a picture of a Mountain Lake.

A Cape is a point of land which juts into the water.

A Hill is land higher than the country around it.

A Mountain is land higher than a Hill.

A Mountain Chain or Range is a line of Mountains joined together like links in a chain.

A Volcano is a Mountain which



sends forth smoke, fire, ashes, and melted rock called lava.

A Valley is land lying between Hills or Mountains.

### LESSON XIV.

#### REVIEW.

Name the Grand Divisions of Water, and tell me what each is.

The Ocean is a large body of salt water.

A Sea is a large arm of the Ocean.

A Gulf is also a large arm of the Ocean.

A Bay is an arm of some larger body of water, stretching into the land.

A Strait is a nar-

row piece of water joining two larger bodies of water.

A Strait is sometimes called a Channel.

A Sound is a shallow Channel or Bay.

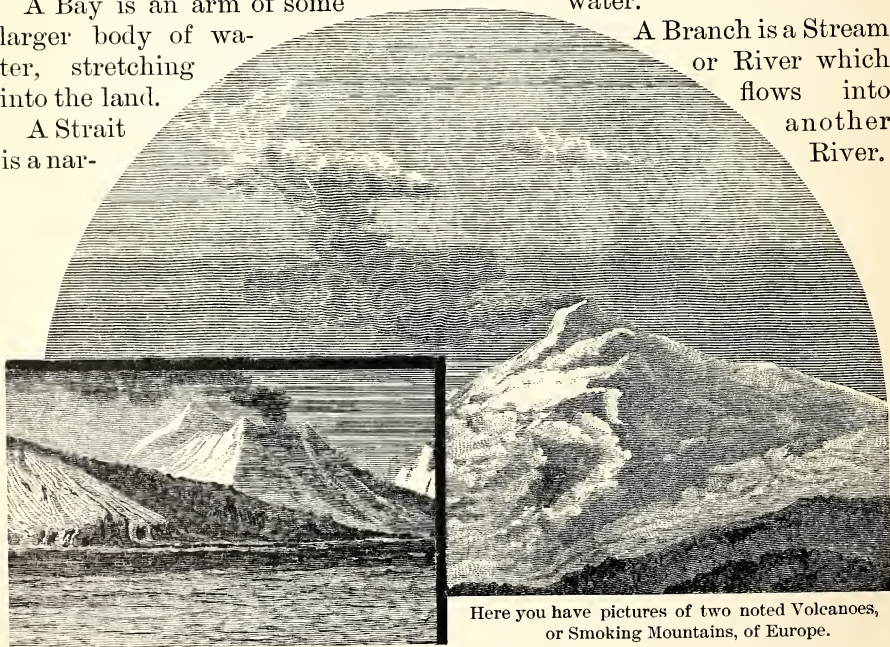
A Lake is a body of water almost or quite surrounded by land.

A River is a stream of water flowing through the land.

The Source of a River is where it rises.

The Mouth of a River is where it flows into some other body of water.

A Branch is a Stream or River which flows into another River.



Here you have pictures of two noted Volcanoes, or Smoking Mountains, of Europe.

# LESSON XV.

## QUESTIONS IN REVIEW.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Nat'u-ral,	Coun'try,
Po-lit'i-cal,	State,
Com'pass,	Cit'y.

What have you been studying in this little Book ?

What is Geography ?

What does it tell you about ?

Do you remember the Shape of the Earth ?

How much of the Earth's surface is water ?

Nearly three-fourths.

Tell me again the names of the Natural Divisions of Land.

Why are these divisions called Natural ?

Because made by Nature.

What are the Divisions called that are made by Man ?

Political Divisions.

Give the names of some Political Divisions.

Countries, States, Cities.

Where does the Sun rise ?

In the East.

Look at the boy in the Picture. He is pointing with his right hand toward the rising Sun. Can you tell me in what direction his left hand is pointing ? He is facing the North. What is behind him ? East, West, North, and South, are called Points of the Compass. Have you ever seen a Compass ?

Which way on a Map is East ?

Which way on a Map is West ?

Which way on a Map is North ?

Which way on a Map is South ?

What other directions are there ?

Name the eight directions in order, beginning with the north and going east.

Tell me the meaning of the word Sphere.

What Continents are in the Eastern Hemisphere ?

How is the Eastern Continent divided ?

Into Europe, Asia, and Africa.



How is the Western Continent divided ?

Into North and South America.

Name the five Oceans.

What is the difference between a Continent and an Island ?

Between an Island and a Peninsula ?

What is the difference between a Pond and a Lake ?

Between a River and a Brook ?

Between a Gulf and a Bay ?

# WESTERN HEMISPHERE





## LESSON XVI.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Ice'land,	Sand'wich,
Green'land,	So-ci'e-ty,
New'found-land,	Fee'jee,
West In'dies,	New Zea'land.

Here we have a Map of the Western Hemisphere. Do you remember what a Map of the Western Hemisphere is?

A Map of the Western Hemisphere is a Map of the western half of the Earth.

What two Grand Divisions lie in the Western Hemisphere?

North America and South America.

What Continent do North and South America form?

See if you can find any Islands on the Map.

Name the Islands that you find in the Atlantic Ocean.

Iceland, Newfoundland, and the West Indies.

What Islands are in the Pacific Ocean?

The Sandwich, Society, and Feejee Islands, and New Zealand.

What large Island is northeast of North America?

Greenland.

Are there other Islands in the Western Hemisphere?

Yes, there are Islands in the Arctic Ocean.

What Cape do you find at the south of South America?

Cape Horn.

## LESSON XVII.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Be'ring,	Hud'son,
Baf'fin,	An'des.
Rock'y,	Am'a-zon,
Mis-sou'ri-Mis-sis-sip'pi,	Pan-a-ma'.

What Ocean is in the eastern part of the Western Hemisphere?

The Atlantic Ocean.

What Ocean is in the western part of the Western Hemisphere?

The Pacific Ocean.

Where is the Arctic Ocean?

Where is the Antarctic Ocean?

What Strait joins the Arctic with the Pacific Ocean?

Bering Strait.

What Bay is west of Greenland?

Baffin Bay.

Name a Mountain Chain in North America.

The Rocky Mountains.

Can you find a large River in North America?

Yes; the Missouri-Mississippi.

What Bay is in the northern part of this Grand Division?

Hudson Bay.

What Mountains are in the western part of South America?

The Andes Mountains.

What large River is in South America?

The Amazon.

By what Isthmus is North America joined to South America?

The Isthmus of Panama.

# EASTERN HEMISPHERE



### LESSON XVIII.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Brit'ish,	Cel'e-bes,
Mad-a-gas'car,	New Guin'ea,
Ja-pan',	Ja'va.
Phil'ip-pine,	Su-ma'tra,
Bor'ne-o,	Tas-ma'ni-a.

Next we have a Map of the Eastern Hemisphere. Can you tell me what four Grand Divisions are in this Hemisphere?

Europe, Asia, Africa, and Australia.

What Continents do these Grand Divisions form?

See if you can tell which is farthest east.

Which is farthest west?

Now look for the Islands. What Islands lie west of Europe?

The British Isles and Iceland.

What Island is east of Africa?

Madagascar.

Name two groups east of Asia.

The Japan and the Philippine Islands.

What large Island lies southwest of the Philippine Islands?

Borneo.

What Island is east of Borneo?

What Island is east of Celebes?

Where is Java?

Where is Sumatra?

What Island is south of Australia?

Tasmania.

What Cape do you find on this Map?

Where is the Cape of Good Hope?

### LESSON XIX.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Med-i-ter-ra'ne-an,	Con'go,
Chi'na,	Ni'ger,
U'ral,	Nile,
Al'tai,	Le'na,
Him-a-la'ya,	Vol'ga.

What Oceans are shown on this Map?

What Sea lies between Europe and Africa?  
The Mediterranean Sea.

What Sea is between Africa and Asia?  
The Red Sea.

Between Asia and the Philippine Islands?  
The China Sea.

What Mountains are between Europe and Asia?

The Ural Mountains.

Name two Mountain Ranges in Asia.

The Altai and the Himalaya Mountains.

Are there Mountains in the west of Africa?

Yes; the Kong Mountains are in the west of Africa.

What great Rivers are in Africa?

The Nile, Congo, and Niger.

What River is in Asia?

The Lena River.

What River is in Europe?

The Volga River.

What Grand Division lies partly in the Eastern and partly in the Western Hemisphere?

Asia.

Which hemisphere contains the most land?



## LESSON XX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

U-nit'ed States,	A-las'ka,
Do-min'ion of Can'a-da,	Cap'i-tal,
Mex'i-co,	Peo'ple,
Be-long'.	

Did you not learn in Lesson I. that you live on the Earth ?

In what Hemisphere do you live ?

The Western Hemisphere.

In which Grand Division of the Western Hemisphere ?

In North America.

And in what country of North America do you live ?

I live in the United States.

Find the United States on the Map. In what part of North America is this country ?

What other countries are there in North America besides the United States ?

The Dominion of Canada, Mexico, and Central America.

In what part of North America is Alaska ? To what country does it belong ?

To the United States.

Now, will you bound North America ?

North America is bounded on the north by the Arctic Ocean, on the east by the Atlantic, and on the south and west by the Pacific.

In what part of North America is the Dominion of Canada ?

Where are Mexico and Central America ?

Are these countries natural or political divisions ?

They are political divisions.

Did you not learn that Cities also are political divisions ? Are any Cities shown on the Map of North America ?

Three Capital Cities are shown.

What is a Capital City ?

A City where the laws of a State or Country are made.

(Look on the Map and learn what mark stands for a capital city. On all the Maps, capitals will be marked with a star, thus \* ; other cities, with a town-mark, thus ○ ).

## LESSON XXI.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Wash'ing-ton,	Hat'te-ras,
Ot'ta-wa,	Men-do-ci'no,
Van-cou'ver,	Cal-i-for'ni-a,
Ap-pa-la'chi-an,	Yu-ca-tan'.

What is the Capital of the United States ? Washington.

Of what is Ottawa the Capital ?

The Dominion of Canada.

Of what is the city of Mexico the Capital ? Mexico.

Now look for the natural divisions of the land. Some of these you have found on the Map of the Western Hemisphere.

What Islands lie east of North America ?

What Island is west ?

Vancouver Island.

What Mountain Chain is in the east ?

The Appalachian.

And what one in the west ?

Are there any Capes ?

Yes, Cape Hatteras is on the east



coast, and Cape Mendocino on the west.

Where is Cape Farewell?

At the south of Greenland.

Is there an Isthmus shown on the Map?

Between what Grand Divisions is it?

Where is the peninsula of Lower California?  
The peninsula of Yucatan?

To what country do these belong?

To Mexico.

## LESSON XXII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Da'vis,	Su-pe'ri-or,
Car-ib-be'an,	Hu'ron,
Mac-ken'zie,	On-ta'ri-o,
Win'ni-peg,	Saint Law'rence.

Next let us study the natural divisions of water. Find Alaska. What Ocean is north of Alaska?

What Ocean is south?

What Strait joins these two oceans?

Bering Strait.

Find Greenland. What Bay is between Greenland and the Dominion of Canada?

Baffin Bay.

And what Strait joins Baffin Bay with the Atlantic Ocean?

Davis Strait.

Name a large Bay in the Dominion of Canada.

Hudson Bay.

Tell me what Strait leads from Hudson Bay into the Ocean.

Hudson Strait.

What Gulf is south of the United States?  
The Gulf of Mexico.

And what Sea lies between the West Indies and South America?

The Caribbean Sea.

What Lakes are in the northern part of the Dominion of Canada?

Great Bear and Great Slave Lake.

What River carries the water from these lakes into the Arctic Ocean?

The Mackenzie River.

Can you find Lake Winnipeg?

Name four great Lakes that lie between the United States and the Dominion of Canada.

Superior, Huron, Erie, and Ontario.

What River flows from these lakes into the Gulf of Saint Lawrence?

The Saint Lawrence River.

## LESSON XXIII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Yu'kon,	Col-o-ra'do (col-o-rah'do),
Ri-o Gran-de (re'o grahn'da),	Co-lum'bi-a,
O-hi'o,	In'di-ans,
Ar'kan-sas (ar'kan-saw),	Es'ki-mos.

What large River is in Alaska?

The Yukon River.

Name two great Rivers that flow into the Gulf of Mexico.

The Rio Grande and the Missouri-Mississippi.

What are the branches of the Missouri-Mississippi?

The Ohio, the Arkansas, and the Red River.





What River flows into the Gulf of California?

The Colorado.

What River rises in the Rocky Mountains and flows into the Pacific?

The Columbia.

In what part of North America is it warm all the year?

In the south of the United States, in Mexico, and in Central America.

Is it cold in the north?

Yes, it is very cold.

What wild people live in the far north?

Indians and Eskimos.

How do they live?

By fishing and hunting.

For what is Alaska noted?

For its trees, fur-seals, gold, and food-fishes.



This picture shows how the Eskimos live. It is from a photograph taken in Alaska. Above is the village, and in the foreground is an Eskimo child, with its father and mother, dressed in warm furs.



## LESSON XXIV.

### REVIEW.

What have you learned since our last Review?

I have learned that I live in the United States of America.

That Washington is the capital of the United States. The Dominion of Canada is north of the United States, and Mexico is south.

The Missouri-Mississippi is the largest river of the United States.

The Rocky and Appalachian Mountains are the chief ranges.

The Great Lakes are Superior, Michigan, Huron, Erie, and Ontario.

## LESSON XXV.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Ter-ri-to'ries,	Con-nect'i-cut,
New Eng'land,	New Jer'sey,
Ver-mont',	Del'a-ware,
New Hamp'shire,	Penn-syl'va'ni-a,
Mas-sa-chu'setts,	Ma'ry-land,
Rhode Isl'and,	Vir-gin'ia.

We shall now learn something more about our own country, the United States. Of what is it made up?

Of forty-two States, seven Territories, and one District.

And how are these divided?

Into five groups.

By what names are these groups known?

The Eastern or New England States.

The Middle Atlantic States.

The Southern States.

The Central and North Central States.

The Pacific and Rocky Mountain States and Territories.

On the Map, the New England States are colored brown: the Middle Atlantic States, purple; the Southern States, yellow; the Central and North Central States, red; the Pacific and Rocky Mountain States and Territories, green.

Name the New England States.

Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut.

Name the Middle Atlantic States.

New York, New Jersey,

Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia, and Virginia.

## LESSON XXVI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Car-o-li'na,	Mich'i-gan,
Geor-gi-a;	Ill-i-nois',
Flor'i-da,	Or'e-gon,
Al-a-ba'ma (balk'ma),	Ne-wa'da (wah'da),
Lou-isi-a'na (ah'no),	U'tah.

Name the Southern States.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas.

Name the Central and North Central States.

Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas.

What States are in the Rocky Mountain and Pacific group?

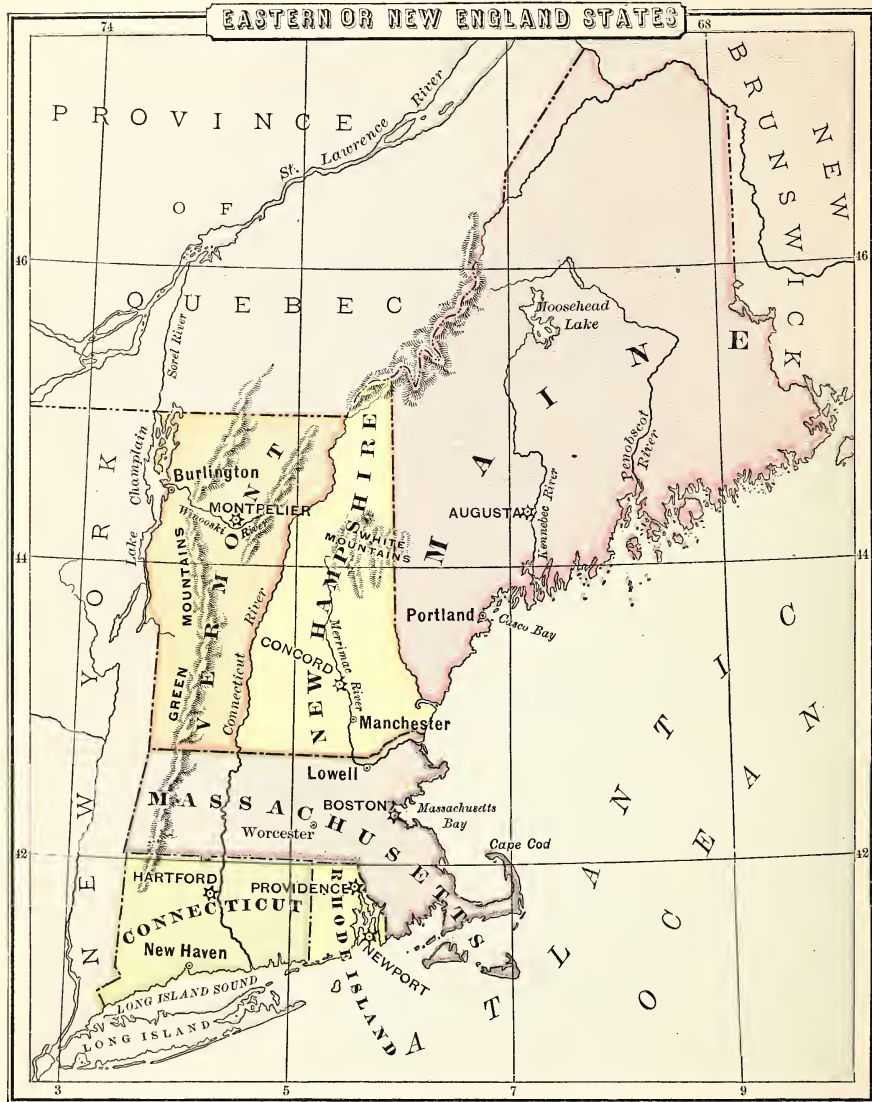
Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Montana, and Colorado.

What Territories?

Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Arizona, and New Mexico.



# EASTERN OR NEW ENGLAND STATES





# **LESSON XXVII.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Vis'it,	Cham-plain',
Long Isl'and,	Cape Cod.

We shall first visit the New England States. Name them again. Do you live in one of the New England States ?

Look at the Map, and tell me which is the largest.

Maine is the largest.

Bound Maine.

Maine is bounded on the north and east by the Dominion of Canada, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean, and on the west by New Hampshire and the Dominion of Canada.

Which is the smallest of the New England States ?

Rhode Island is the smallest.

Bound Rhode Island.

Bound New Hampshire.

Bound Vermont.

Bound Massachusetts.

Bound Connecticut.

Which of the New England States is farthest east ?

Which is farthest west and south ?

Connecticut.

In what direction is New Hampshire from Vermont ?

In what direction is Massachusetts from Rhode Island ?

In what direction is New England from the Mississippi River ?

What large Island lies south of the New England States ?

Long Island.

Is it a part of New England ?

No, it is a part of New York.

What body of water is between it and New England ?

Long Island Sound.

What large Lake lies between Vermont and New York ?

Lake Champlain.

What Bay is east of Massachusetts ?

Do you see on the coast of Massachusetts a long strip of land ? What is such a strip of land called ?

It is called a Peninsula.

What Cape is at the north end of the peninsula ?

Cape Cod.

# **LESSON XXVIII.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Moose-head',	Cas'co,
Ken-ne-bee',	Mer'ti-mac,
Pe-nob'scot,	Con'cord,
Port'land,	Man'ches-ter.

Now look at Maine. What large Lake is in the north ?

Moosehead Lake.

What River flows from this Lake to the Atlantic Ocean ?

The Kennebec River.

What other large River is in Maine ?

The Penobscot.

Name the Capital of Maine.  
Augusta, on the Kennebec River.

Name the largest city.  
Portland, on Casco Bay.

What State is west of Maine?  
New Hampshire.

Name the great River of New Hampshire.  
The Merrimac.

What Cities are on the Merrimac?  
Concord, the Capital.  
Manchester, the largest city.

Are there Mountains in New Hampshire?  
Yes, the White Mountains are in  
New Hampshire.

On the next page you will see a picture of  
the highest peak of the White Mountains.  
Can you read its name?

### LESSON XXIX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Scen'er-y,	Bur'ling-ton,
Mont-pe'lier,	Bos'ton,
Wi-noos'ki,	Low'ell,
Worces'ter ( <i>wooster</i> ).	

What State lies west of New Hampshire?  
Vermont.

Bound Vermont.

What River flows between New Hampshire  
and Vermont?

The Connecticut River.

Into what body of water does this River  
find its way?

Into Long Island Sound.

What Mountains are in Vermont?  
The Green Mountains.

For what are the Green and the White  
Mountains noted?

For their grand scenery.

Name the Capital of Vermont.  
Montpelier, on the Winooski.

What is the largest city?  
Burlington, on Lake Champlain.

What State is south of Vermont and New  
Hampshire?  
Massachusetts.

What is the Capital of Massachusetts, and  
the largest city in New England?

Boston, on Massachusetts Bay.

What cities are next to Boston in size?  
Lowell and Worcester.

On what river is Lowell?

Where is Cape Cod?

### LESSON XXX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Hart'ford,	Sum'mer,
New Ha'ven,	Win'ter,
Prov'i-dence,	Po-ta'toes,
New'port,	Use'ful.

What two States lie south of Massa-  
chusetts?

Bound Connecticut.

Name the Capital of Connecticut.

Hartford, on the Connecticut  
River.

And what is the largest city?  
New Haven, on New Haven Bay.

What River crosses Connecticut?

Name the two Capitals of Rhode Island.  
Providence and Newport.

What Island  
is south of Connecticut?

Long Island.

Name the Capitals of all the  
New England States, beginning  
with Maine.

Which of the New England  
States touch the Atlantic Ocean?

Which does not touch the Sea?  
Vermont.

Which border on Canada?

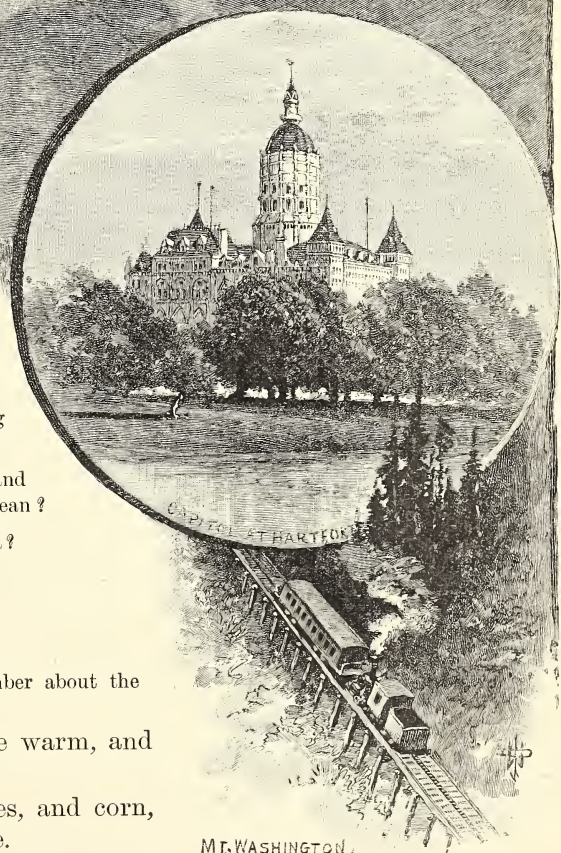
Which on New York?

What else must you remember about the  
New England States?

That the summers are warm, and  
the winters cold.

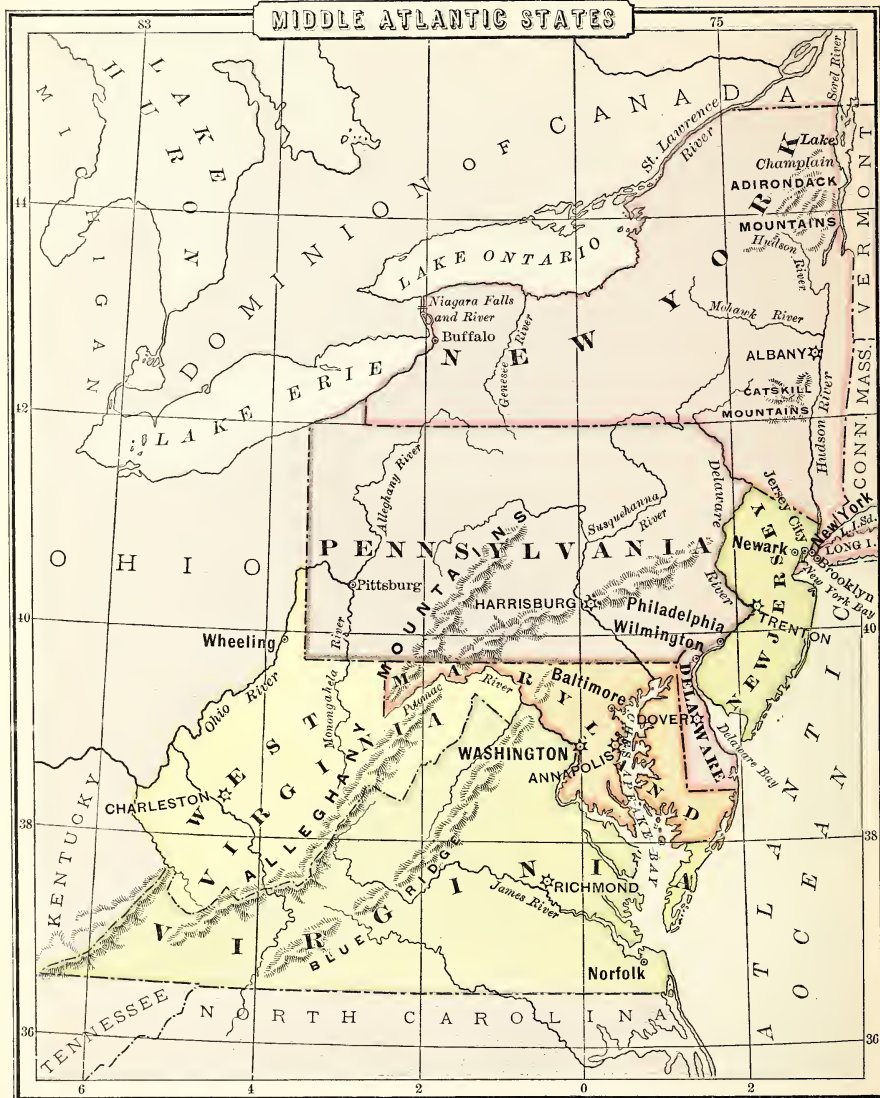
That hay, and potatoes, and corn,  
and oats, are raised there.

That the people till farms, cut  
lumber, fish in the sea, and make cloth, shoes, and other useful things.



ML WASHINGTON,

# MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES





### LESSON XXXI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Op'po-site,	Cats'kill,
Bor'der,	Mo'hawk,
Ni-ag'a-ra.	Gen-e-see',
Ad-i-ron'dack,	Al'ba-ny,
Buf'fa-lo.	

Turn back to page 26, and tell me in what direction from the New England States are the Middle Atlantic States.

In what part of the United States are the Middle Atlantic States?

Name from the opposite Map the seven Middle Atlantic States.

Which is the largest?  
New York.

Bound New York.

On which two of the Great Lakes does New York border?

Lakes Erie and Ontario.

What River flows from Lake Erie to Lake Ontario?

The Niagara River.

And what River flows from Lake Ontario, between New York and the Dominion of Canada?

The St. (Saint) Lawrence River.

Into what does the St. Lawrence flow?

Find Lake Champlain, between Vermont and New York. What Mountains are near Lake Champlain?

The Adirondack Mountains.

And what Mountains are in the southern part of New York?

The Catskill Mountains.

Name the chief River of New York.  
The Hudson River.

What River is a branch of the Hudson?  
The Mohawk.

What River in the western part of the State?

The Genesee.

Now find the Capital. What is it?  
Albany, on the Hudson.

What is the largest city of New York and of the United States?

New York City.

Name the second city of New York.  
Brooklyn, on Long Island.

Name the third.  
Buffalo, on Lake Erie.

### LESSON XXXII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Sus-que-han'na,	Mo-non-ga-he'la,
Ches'a-peake,	Pitts'burg,
Al-le-gha'ny,	Har'ris-burg,
Phil-a-del'phi-a.	

What States are south of New York?  
Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

Bound Pennsylvania.

Name the longest River of Pennsylvania.  
The Susquehanna.

Into what Bay does the Susquehanna flow?  
Into Chesapeake Bay.

Through what three States?

From what States does the Delaware River separate Pennsylvania?

Into what Bay does the Delaware flow?  
Into Delaware Bay.

What two Rivers are in the western part of Pennsylvania?

The Alleghany and the Monongahela.

In what direction does the Alleghany flow?

In what direction does the Monongahela flow?

At what City do they come together?

Pittsburg.

And what River do they form?

The Ohio.

Are there any Mountains in Pennsylvania?

What is the Capital of Pennsylvania?

Harrisburg, on the Susquehanna.

And the largest city?

Philadelphia.

(Remember that Philadelphia is the second city of the United States in size.)

### LESSON XXXIII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Tren'ton,	Wil'ming-ton,
New'ark,	An-nap'o-lis,
Do'ver,	Bal'ti-more,
	Po-to'mac.

What State is east of Pennsylvania?

Bound New Jersey.

What is the Capital of New Jersey?

Trenton, on the Delaware.

Name the largest city.

Newark.

What large city of New Jersey is opposite New York?

Jersey City.

What River separates Jersey City from New York?

What River separates New York from Brooklyn?

The East River.

Name the Capital of Delaware.

Dover.

Name the largest city.

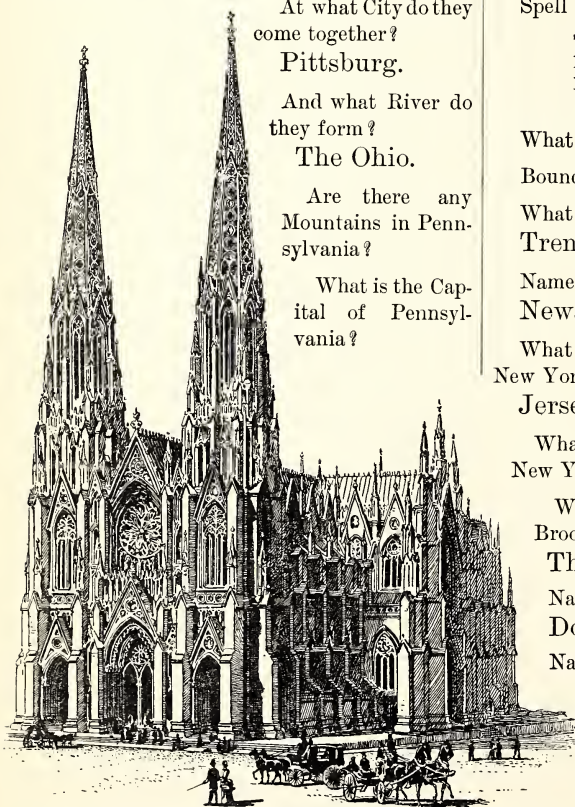
Wilmington.

What Bay is east of Delaware?

Delaware Bay.

What State bounds Delaware on two sides?

Maryland.



St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, the finest church-building in the United States.

Bound Maryland.

What Mountains cross the western part of Maryland?

The Alleghany Mountains.

What Bay almost divides Maryland into two parts?

Chesapeake Bay.

Of what is Chesapeake Bay an arm?

It is an arm of the Atlantic Ocean.

Name the Capital of Maryland.

Annapolis.

Name the largest city.

Baltimore.

Do you see Washington, the Capital of the United States? Is it in Maryland?

No, Washington is in the District of Columbia.

On what River is Washington?

Washington is on the Potomac.

### LESSON XXXIV.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Charles'ton,

Wheel'ing,

Rich'mond,

Nor'folk,

James,

Blue Ridge.

What State lies on the western slope of the Alleghany Mountains?

West Virginia.

Into what other States do these Mountains run?

What River rises in the Alleghany Mountains and flows north?

What is the Capital of West Virginia?

Charleston.

Is Charleston the largest city of West Virginia?

No, Wheeling is.

Bound Virginia.

What River borders Virginia on the north-east?

Into what does the Potomac flow?

Name another River in Virginia.

The James River.

Where are the Blue Ridge Mountains?

What is the Capital of Virginia?

Richmond, on the James.

Is Richmond the largest city?

It is.

What is Norfolk?

The chief Sea-port.

What is a Sea-port?

A town on the Sea-shore.

What other things are to be remembered about the Middle Atlantic Group?

That it is cold in the north, and mild in the southern part.

That the Adirondack, Catskill, and Alleghany Mountains are noted for their scenery and pure air. Deer, bears, and other wild animals live in their forests.

That coal and iron are found in some of the States, and oil from which kerosene is made.

New York has more people than any other State.

The three largest cities in the United States are New York, Philadelphia, and Brooklyn.

[illegible]



## LESSON XXXV.

Spell and pronounce these words:

In-'di-an Ter-'ri-to-ry; Aus'tin,  
Col-o-ra'do (*rah*'), Gal'ves-ton.

Leaving the Middle Atlantic States, let us go farther south. We may cross from Virginia into North Carolina. North Carolina is one of the ten Southern States. The ten Southern States are shown on the Map.

Name the Southern States.

What Territory is shown on the Map of the Southern States?  
Indian Territory.

Why is it called Indian Territory?  
Because Indian Tribes live in it.

Which four of the Southern States border on the Atlantic Ocean?

Which five border on the Gulf of Mexico?

Which are farthest north?

Which is farthest south?

Which one is a peninsula?  
Florida.

Which is the largest?  
Texas.

In which of the Southern States are there Mountains?

What River separates Mississippi from Arkansas and Louisiana?

The Missouri-Mississippi.

What branch has the Missouri-Mississippi on the west?

The Red River.

What State does the Red River border on the north?

Texas, the largest of the group.

How large is Texas?

Texas is four times the size of the New England States. It is the largest State in the Union.

Bound Texas.

Name the Capital of Texas.

Austin, on the Colorado River.

The largest city is on an island of the same name as itself. What is its name?

Galveston.

What is the great crop of Texas?

Cotton, of which Texas raises more than any other State.

## LESSON XXXVI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Bat'on Rouge (*roozh*), Ton-big'bee,  
New Or'leans, Mont-gom'er-y,  
Jack'son, Ma-bile',  
Vicks'burg, Sa-van'nah,  
O-co'nee, St. Au'gus-tine,  
Al-ta-ma-ha' (*han'*), Tal-la-has'see.

What State contains the mouths of the Missouri-Mississippi?

Louisiana.

In what direction from Texas is Louisiana?

What is the Capital of Louisiana?  
Baton Rouge.

Name the largest city.  
New Orleans.

On what River are these two cities?  
(Remember that Louisiana is the sugar State.)

Going east, we come to Mississippi.  
Bound Mississippi.

Name the Capital.  
Jackson.

Name the largest city.  
Vicksburg.

On what River is Jackson?  
Jackson is on the Pearl River.

On what River is Vicksburg?

What State is east of Mississippi?  
Alabama.

What two Rivers are in Alabama?  
The Tombigbee  
and the Ala-  
bama.

What is the Sea-port?  
Savannah.

On what River is Savannah?

Name the Capital.

Atlanta is the Capital.

What two Rivers are in Georgia?

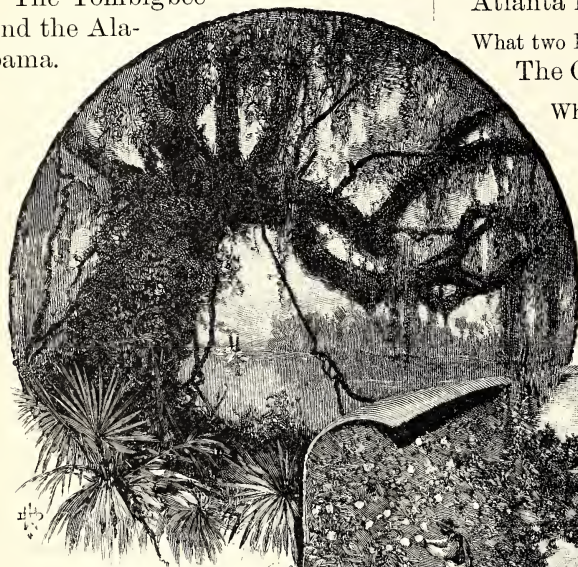
The Oconee and Altamaha.

What State lies south of Georgia?  
Florida.

Find Cape Sable. Where is it?

What River is in Florida?  
The St. John's.

(Look at the pretty picture of  
the St. John's River.)



On the St. John's, Florida.

On which is Montgomery,  
the Capital?

Montgomery is on the  
Alabama.

Into what Bay do these rivers  
flow?

What place is on this Bay?  
Mobile, the largest  
city.

Bound Georgia.



Gathering Florida Oranges.

What city is on the St. John's near its mouth?

Jacksonville, the largest city in Florida.

What city on the Florida coast is the oldest town in the United States?

St. Augustine.

Name the Capital of Florida.

Tallahassee.

### LESSON XXXVII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Pe-dee',	Con-ga-ree',	Wil'mington,
San-tee',	Ra'leigh,	Nash'ville.

What River separates Georgia from South Carolina?

What two Rivers flow through South Carolina into the Atlantic Ocean?

The Great Pedee and the Santee.

Name the Capital of the State.

Columbia.

On what River is Columbia?

On the Congaree, a branch of the Santee.

Name the largest city.

Charleston is the largest city.

Bound North Carolina.

What Cape is on the coast?

Cape Hatteras.

Name the Capital.

Raleigh.

What is the largest city?

Wilmington.

On what River is Wilmington?

The Cape Fear River.

What Mountains are in the western part of North Carolina?

If you should cross these mountains, what State would you enter?

Tennessee.

Name the Capital and largest city of Tennessee.

Nashville.

Where is Memphis, the second city?

Memphis is in the southwestern part of Tennessee, on the Missouri-Mississippi.

Bound Arkansas.

What is the Capital and chief city?

Little Rock.

Bound Indian Territory.

What are raised in the Southern States?

Cotton, rice, sugar, corn, and tobacco.

In what does Texas lead all the States?

In the number of its cattle, sheep, and horses.

In what does Georgia rank first among the Southern States?

In the making of cotton and woollen cloth.

For what is Florida noted?

For its orange-groves and health-resorts.

Are the winters in the Southern States warm?

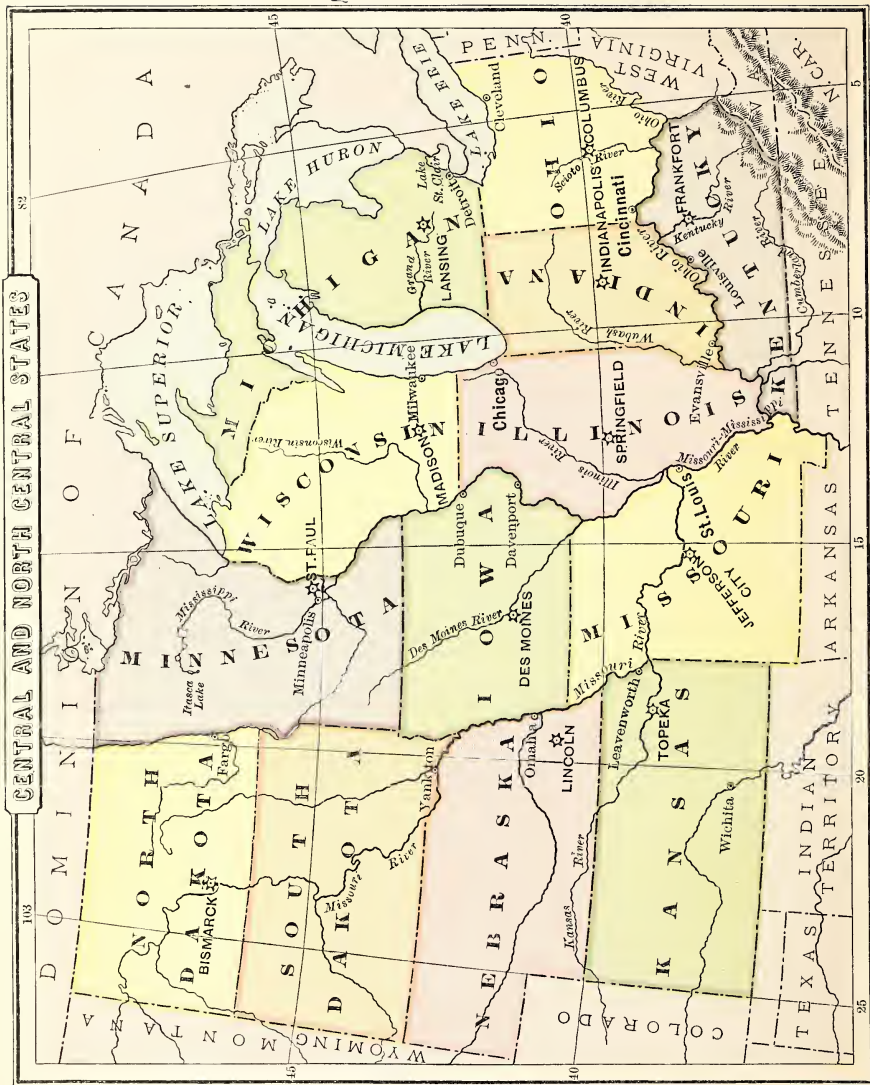
They are, and many sick persons go south to enjoy them.



# CENTRAL AND NORTH CENTRAL STATES

103

82



20

15

10

5



## LESSON XXXVIII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

To-pe'ka, St. Lou'is,  
Wich'i-ta, Jef'fer-son Cit'y,  
Leav'en-worth, Cum'ber-land,  
Des Moines' (moin'), Lou'is-ville.

North of the Southern States lie the thirteen Central and North Central States. Name them from the opposite Map.

Which are known as the Central States?

Kansas, Missouri, and Kentucky.

Why?

Because they are nearly in the middle of the United States.

Bound Kansas.

What is the Capital and largest city of Kansas?

Topeka, on the Kansas.

Name two other cities in Kansas?

Wichita and Leavenworth.

Bound Missouri.

What River crosses this State?

The Missouri River.

What Rivers border Missouri on the east?

The Des Moines, the Mississippi, and the Missouri-Mississippi.

Name the Capital of Missouri.

Jefferson City.

On what River is Jefferson City?

What is the largest city of Missouri?

St. Louis.

On what River is St. Louis?

Bound Kentucky.

What River borders Kentucky on the north?

The Ohio.

Name two rivers that flow through Kentucky into the Ohio.

The Kentucky and the Cumberland.

What is the Capital?

Frankfort.

What is the largest city?

Louisville, on the Ohio.

For what are the Central States noted?

Kansas is noted for its corn, wheat, and stock-farms.

Missouri, for its iron and lead.

Kentucky, for its tobacco.

## LESSON XXXIX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Cleve'land, Ev'ans-ville,  
Cin-cin-na-ti, In-di-an-ap'o-lis,  
Sci'o-to, Du-buque' (bu'ke'),  
Wa'bash (wa'w'), O'ma-ha,  
Chi-ca'go, Lin'coln.

Name the ten North Central States.

Which three lie north of Kentucky?

Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois.

What River borders these three States on the south?

Bound Ohio.

Which of the Great Lakes does it touch?

What city of Ohio is on Lake Erie?  
Cleveland.

Is Cleveland the largest city of Ohio?  
No, Cincinnati is the largest city.

What is the Capital?  
Columbus.

On what River is Columbus?  
On the Scioto River.



This is a scene in a tobacco factory.

This picture shows the hands picking from growing tobacco the worms that eat the leaves.

Which is farther north, Columbus or Topeka?

Find two other Capitals that are just as far north as Columbus.

What State is west of Ohio?

Indiana.

Bound Indiana.

What River forms part of the western boundary of Indiana?

The Wabash.

Name the Capital and largest city.

Indianapolis.

What city is in the southwestern part of the State?

Evansville.

If we should cross the Wabash River, we would be in Illinois. Bound Illinois.

Name the largest city of Illinois.

Chicago, on Lake Michigan.

For what must Chicago be remembered?

It is the great city of the West, and the first city of the Union in its grain, pork, and cattle trade.

What city is the Capital of Illinois?

Springfield.

What River is in Illinois?

What State is north of Missouri?

Iowa.

Between what two Rivers does Iowa mostly lie?

The Mississippi and the Missouri.

What River crosses Iowa?

What city is on this River?

Des Moines, the Capital.

Name two other cities in Iowa.

Dubuque and Davenport.

On what River are these cities?

What State is north of Kansas?  
 What River bounds Nebraska on the east?  
 Name the Capital of Nebraska.  
 Lincoln.  
 Name the largest city.  
 Omaha.  
 On what River is Omaha?

### LESSON XL.

Spell and pronounce these words:

St. Clair',	Mad'i-son,	I-tas'ca,
De-troit',	Mil-wau'kee,	Bis'marek,
Lan'sing,	Min-ne-ap'o-lis,	Yank'ton.

Name the five northern States of this group.

Which of these border on the Dominion of Canada?

Which is divided into two parts by Lake Michigan and the Strait that joins this lake with Lake Huron?

Michigan.

Bound Michigan.

What five Lakes does it touch?

Between which of the two Great Lakes is Lake St. Clair?

What city is at the foot of Lake St. Clair?  
 Detroit, the chief city of Michigan.

What is the Capital of Michigan?  
 Lansing.

On what River is Lansing?

Bound Wisconsin.

What Lake is east of Wisconsin?

What is the Capital of Wisconsin?  
 Madison.

In what part of Wisconsin is Madison?

East of Madison, on Lake Michigan, is the largest city of Wisconsin. What is its name?  
 Milwaukee.

What State is west of Wisconsin?

Name the Capital and largest city of Minnesota.

St. Paul is the Capital, Minneapolis is the largest city.

Do you see a Lake in the northern part of Minnesota?

Yes, Itasca Lake.

What great River flows from Itasca Lake?  
 The Mississippi River.

West of Minnesota are North and South Dakota.

Bound North Dakota. Bound South Dakota.

What is the Capital of North Dakota?  
 Bismarck.

And the largest city.  
 Fargo.

On what River is Bismarck?

What city is in South Dakota?  
 Yankton.

Which of the North Central States lie west of the Mississippi? Which lies on both sides of the Mississippi?

What else must you learn about the North Central States?

That they are the great grain-growing States.

That they carry on a vast trade.

That they raise large numbers of horses, cattle, and hogs.

# PACIFIC AND ROCKY MOUNTAIN STATES AND TERRITORIES





**LESSON XLI.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

I'da-ho,	Sac-ra-men'to,
Wy-o'ming.	Los An'ge-les,
Ar-i-zo'na,	Si-er'ra Ne-va'da,
San Fran-cis'co.	Wil-la'mette ( <i>lah'</i> ),
O-lym'pi-a.	

West of the Central and North Central States are the Pacific and Rocky Mountain States and Territories, from which our gold and silver come.

Name the States.

The States are Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, Montana, and Colorado.

Name the Territories.

The Territories are Idaho, Wyoming, Utah, Arizona, and New Mexico.

Of the States, which is the largest and the most important?

California.

For what is California noted?

For its gold, wheat, barley, and wines.

Name the largest city of California and the chief city of the Pacific coast.

San Francisco.

What is the Capital?

Sacramento.

On what River is Sacramento?

What noted health-resort is in the southern part of the State?

Los Angeles.

Are there Mountains in California?

Yes, the Sierra Nevada.

Bound California.

What State lies to the north?

Name the Capital of Oregon.

Salem.

And the largest city.

Portland.

On what River are these cities?

On the Willamette.

Bound Oregon.

What State is north of Oregon?

What River flows between these States?

The Columbia River.

Name the two branches of the Columbia.

For what is the Columbia noted?

For its salmon.

Name the Capital of Washington.

Olympia.

What town in the southwestern part of the State?

Walla Walla.

**LESSON XLII.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Car'son,	Lead'ville,
Yel'low-stone,	Boi'sé Cit'y,
Hel'e-na,	Chey-enne' ( <i>shi</i> ),
Den'ver.	Na'tion-al.

Where is Nevada?

Name the Capital of Nevada.

Carson City.

The two remaining States, Montana and Colorado, are known as the Rocky Mountain States. Why?

Bound Montana.

What two Rivers cross Montana?

The Missouri and the Yellowstone.

Name the Capital of Montana.

Helena.

Among what Mountains is Helena?

Bound Colorado.

Name the Capital and largest city.

Denver.

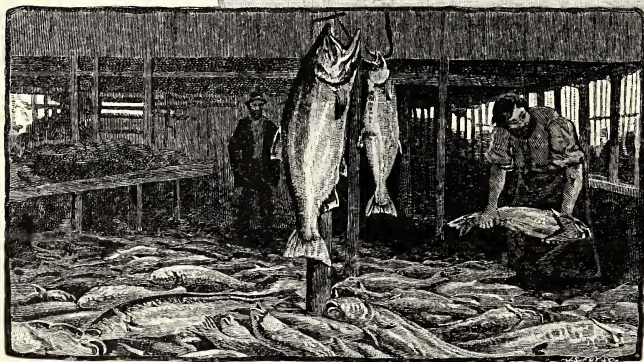
What Territory is west of Montana?

Idaho.

What Territory south?

Wyoming.

In the northwestern corner of Wyoming lies



Salmon-catching and Salmon-canning on the Columbia River, Oregon.

the National Park.  
For what is it noted?

For its natural curiosities.

What Lake is in the National Park?

Yellowstone Lake.

And what River rises in this Lake?

Name the Capital of Idaho.

What mining town in the Mountains?

Leadville.

What place, noted for its springs, lies south of Denver?

For what are Montana and Colorado noted?

For their gold and silver.

Boisé City.

Name the Capital of Wyoming.

Cheyenne.

What Mountains cross Wyoming?

What Mountains are in Idaho?

In what direction is the National Park from Boston? From San Francisco?

**LESSON XLIII.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Salt Lake City,	San'ta Fé ( <i>fay</i> ),
Phœ'nix,	Al'monds,
Pres'cott,	Ranch'es.

What Territory lies south of Idaho and Wyoming?

Utah.

Bound Utah.

Two Rivers come together in Utah to form the Colorado. Name them.

The Green and the Grand.

In what Mountains do these Rivers rise?

In the Rocky Mountains.

In what Territory does the Green River rise?

In what State does the Grand River rise?

Into what Gulf does the Colorado River flow?

Into the Gulf of California.

Where is the Gulf of California?

What large Lake is in the northern part of Utah?

Great Salt Lake.

Most Lakes are fresh. Why is this one called Salt?

Because its waters are very salt and bitter.

What is the Capital of Utah?

Salt Lake City.

What Territory lies south of Utah?

Arizona.

Bound Arizona.

What River crosses the Territory, and forms part of the western boundary?

The Colorado River.

Name the Capital.

Phoenix.

What city north of Phoenix was once the Capital?

Prescott.

The last Territory is New Mexico. Bound New Mexico.

What River crosses New Mexico?

The Rio Grande.

Are there Mountains in New Mexico?

Yes, the Rocky Mountains are in New Mexico.

Name the Capital and largest town.

Santa Fé.

For what are the three Southern Territories noted?

Utah and Arizona are noted for their silver-mines.

Arizona raises oranges, almonds, peaches, figs, and dates.

New Mexico is noted for its cattle-ranches.

For what is the Pacific and Rocky Mountain Group to be remembered?

For its gold and silver, for its grain and fruits, and for its grazing-lands.

What wild animals are found in the Mountains?

Deer, the panther or California lion, and the fierce grizzly bear.

Are all the people whites?  
No, there are many Indians and some Chinese.

### LESSON XLIV.

#### QUESTIONS IN REVIEW.

Name the New England States.

Which is the largest?

Which is the smallest?

Name the Capital of each of the New England States.

What is the largest city in New England?  
Boston.

Where is Lake Champlain?

What River rises in Lake Champlain?

What River flows between Vermont and New Hampshire, and crosses Massachusetts and Connecticut?

What Mountains are in the New England States?

What Mountains are in the Middle Atlantic States?

Name the Rivers of the Middle Atlantic States that flow into the Ocean, beginning with the Hudson and going south.

What City in this group is the largest city in America, and the third largest in the world?

New York.

What Rivers form the Ohio at Pittsburg?

What is the chief city of New Jersey?  
Newark.

In what part of Maryland is Baltimore?

The three largest cities in the country are in the Middle Atlantic States. Name them.

Which of the Middle Atlantic States is the largest? Which is the smallest? Which has the most people?

What do the people of New England do for a living?

What, the people of the Middle Atlantic States?

The people of the Middle Atlantic States raise crops, make useful things to sell, and trade with other States and Countries.

### LESSON XLV.

#### QUESTIONS IN REVIEW.

Name the ten Southern States.

What is the great crop of these States?

Cotton.

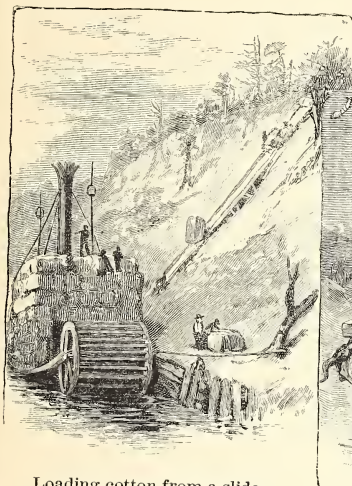
Which of the Southern States is noted for its orange-groves?

Which raise the most rice?  
South Carolina and Georgia.

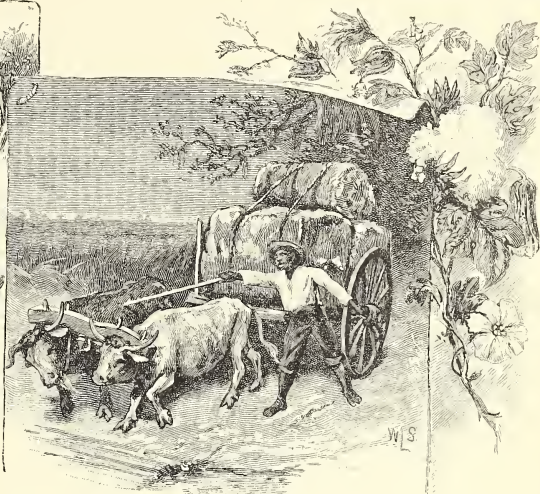


An American Indian Chief.





Loading cotton from a slide.



Taking bale cotton to market.

Which is the Sugar State?  
Louisiana.

What great River flows through Louisiana  
into the Gulf of Mexico?

Name the Capitals of the Southern States.

Name each of the Central States with its  
Capital.

Name each of the North Central States with  
its Capital.

What is the chief city of the Central  
States?

St. Louis.

Name the great tobacco-market.  
Louisville, in Kentucky.

Name the chief city of the North Central  
States.

Chicago.

On what Lake is Chicago?

For what are the North Central States  
noted?

What do you remember about California?

About the Great Salt Lake?

Where are many salmon canned?

Where do our gold and silver come from?

What large Island is northwest of Wash-  
ington?

Vancouver Island.

In what State do you live?

What trees grow in this State?

What wild animals are found?

What fishes do they catch in the waters?

What do the people busy themselves about?



### LESSON XLVI.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Man-i-to'ba,  
Vic-to'ri-a,  
Kee-wa'tin,

As-sin-i-boi'a,  
Sas katch'e-wan,  
Ath-a-bas'ca.

You have learned that north of the United States lies the Dominion of Canada. The Map above shows the western part of the Dominion of Canada. How is the Dominion of Canada made up ?

Of seven Provinces, besides Districts and Territories.

What is the Capital ?

Ottawa, on the Ottawa River.

Name the two Provinces in the western division.

British Columbia and Manitoba.

For what is British Columbia noted ?

For its gold, furs, and great trees.

On what Island is Victoria, the Capital ?

What Mountains are in British Columbia ?

For what is Manitoba noted ?

For its wheat-lands.

Name the Capital.

Winnipeg.

Name the Districts shown on the Map.

Which borders on Hudson Bay ?



## LESSON XLVII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Que-bec',	Mont-re-al',
New Bruns'-wick,	Fred'er-ic-ton,
No'va Sco'ti-a,	Hal'i-fax,
To-ron'to,	Lab-ra-dor',

Name the five southeastern Provinces.

Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

Which of these borders on the Great Lakes?

What is the Capital of Ontario?

Toronto.

On what Lake is Toronto?

Name the Capital of Quebec.

In Quebec is the largest and most important city of Canada. What is it?

Montreal.

Name the Capital of New Brunswick.

Of what Province is Halifax the Capital?

Of Nova Scotia.

Find the Island of Newfoundland. Is it in the Dominion of Canada?

No, Newfoundland is not a Province of the Dominion.

What is the Capital of Newfoundland?

# SOUTH AMERICA





## LESSON XLVIII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Ven-ez-ue'la,	Chil'i,	Par-a-guay',
Ec-ua-dor',	Ar'gen-tine,	Bra-zil',
Bo-liv'i-a,	U-ru-guay',	Gui-a'na ( <i>ah</i> ).

We have now visited the cold North. Let us next go to the warmer lands. Turn back to the Map of North America, on page 22, and tell me what country lies south of ours.

Is Mexico a hot country?  
Yes, it is very hot.

What country is southeast of Mexico?

And what country lies to the south of Central America?

South America.

On the opposite page you have a Map of South America. Remember that North and South America, connected by the Isthmus of Panama, form the Western Continent.

Now name the countries of South America from the Map.

The countries of South America are Venezuela, the United States of Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia, Chili, the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Paraguay, Brazil, and Guiana.

To which of these does Patagonia belong?

## LESSON XLIX.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Bo-go-ta' ( <i>tah</i> ),	A-sun-ci-on' ( <i>oven</i> ),
Ca-ra'cas ( <i>rah</i> ),	Mon-te-vid'e-o,
Ma-dei'ra ( <i>de</i> ),	Pa-ra-na' ( <i>nah</i> ),
Ri'o Ja-nei'ro,	Bue'nos Ay'res ( <i>bo'nus</i> ),
Ri'o de la Pla'ta ( <i>plah</i> ).	

What two countries lie south of the Caribbean Sea?

Venezuela and the United States of Colombia.

For what are they noted?

For their coffee-plantations and herds of cattle.

What is the Capital of the United States of Colombia?

Bogota.

Name the Capital of Venezuela.  
Caracas.

Name the largest River of South America.

The Amazon.

What is the chief branch of the Amazon?

The Madeira.

What country does the Amazon cross?

Bound Brazil.

Name the Capital.

Rio Janeiro.

What Mountains are in the east?

What is the great crop of Brazil?

Coffee.



A Patagonian Indian.

Has Brazil any mines?  
Yes, it has mines of gold and diamonds.

Name two small countries that lie south of Brazil.

Paraguay and Uruguay.

What is the Capital of Paraguay?  
Asuncion.

What is the Capital of Uruguay?  
Montevideo.

Where is the Rio de la Plata?

What River flows into it?

The Parana.

Through what large country does the Parana flow?

Through the Argentine Republic.

What is the Capital of the Argentine Republic, and the largest city in South America?

Buenos Ayres, on the Rio de la Plata.

What city is next to Buenos Ayres in size?  
Rio Janeiro.

For what is the Argentine Republic noted?  
For its great herds of sheep and cattle.

### LESSON L.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Ma-gel'lan,	San-ti-a'go (ah),
Ti-er'ra del Fue'go (fway),	Su-cre' (kray),

What Strait is south of Patagonia?

The Strait of Magellan.

What Oceans does this Strait connect?

What Island does it partly surround?

The Island of Tierra del Fuego.

What Cape juts from an Island south of Tierra del Fuego?

To what two countries does Tierra del Fuego belong?

To the Argentine Republic and Chili.

Is it warm or cold in the southern part of South America?

It is very cold.

What Mountains follow the western coast of this Grand Division, from the Isthmus to Cape Horn?

The Andes Mountains.

Are there Volcanoes among the Andes?

Yes, there are many Volcanoes.

Through what countries does this Mountain-chain pass?

What is the Capital of Chili?

Santiago.

What two countries of South America have no sea-coast?

Bound Bolivia.

What large River rises in Bolivia?

What City is on a branch of this River?

Sucre, the Capital of Bolivia.

### LESSON LI.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Li'ma (le),	Prod'ucts,
Qui'to (ke),	Co'coa,
Ne'groes,	Ma-hog'a-ny.

What country of South America lies west of Bolivia and north of Chili?

Peru.

Name the Capital of Peru.  
Lima.

What great River rises among the mountains of Peru?

Bound Ecuador.

Name the Capital of Ecuador.  
Quito.

Is it hot or cold in this part of South America?

Are there Indians, as well as white people, in South America?

There are, and also Negroes who were once slaves.

Are there wild animals?

Yes, fierce beasts and serpents live in the thick forests, and there are many birds of bright color.

Now tell me what are the chief products of South America.

Coffee and cocoa, sugar, fruits, rose-wood and mahogany, India-rubber, wheat, and corn.

What metals are found in the mountains?

Gold, silver, and copper.

Which countries of South America border on the Atlantic Ocean?

Which on the Pacific?

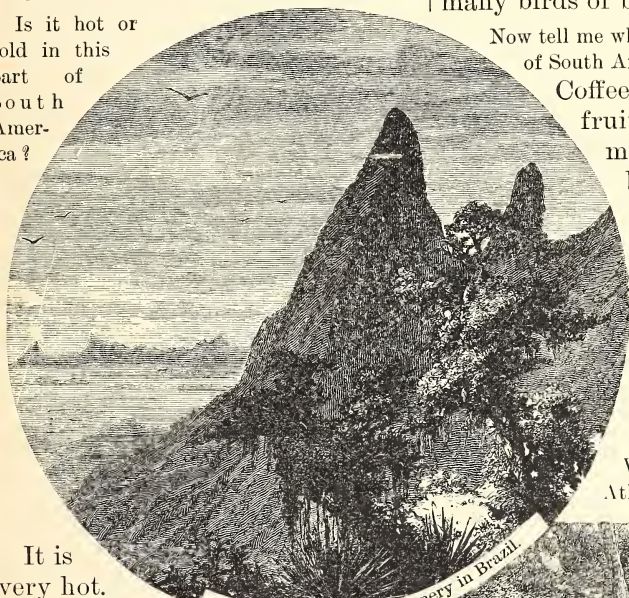
What Capital city is an Atlantic port?

It is very hot.

To what country does the Isthmus of Panama belong?

Which is the largest country of South America?

Which is the smallest country?



Mountain and River Scenery in Brazil.



This is a picture of a coffee-harvest on a South American plantation. The hands are picking the ripe berries.



This is a detailed historical map of Europe and its surrounding regions. The map shows the following features:

- Geographical Features:**
  - Mountains:** Ural Mountains, Caucasus Mountains, Carpathian Mountains, Alps, Pyrenees, and the Apennines.
  - Seas and Oceans:** Atlantic Ocean, Arctic Ocean, Caspian Sea, Black Sea, and the Mediterranean Sea.
  - Rivers:** Volga River, Danube River, Rhine River, Elbe River, and the Nile River.
  - Islands:** British Isles (Ireland, Great Britain), Iceland, and the Azores.
- Political Boundaries and Cities:**
  - Russia:** Labeled as 'RUSSIA' with major cities like St. Petersburg and Moscow.
  - Germany:** Labeled as 'GERMAN EMPIRE' with major cities like Berlin and Hamburg.
  - Austria:** Labeled as 'AUSTRIA' with major cities like Vienna and Prague.
  - France:** Labeled as 'FRANCE' with major cities like Paris and London.
  - Italy:** Labeled as 'ITALY' with major cities like Rome and Naples.
  - Other Regions:** Turkey, Greece, and parts of North Africa and the Middle East.
- Map Details:**
  - The map includes a grid of latitude and longitude lines.
  - Major cities are marked with stars.
  - The map is oriented with North at the top.

22



### LESSON LII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Steam'er,      Cau'ca-sus,  
Ad-ri-at'ic,    Gi-bral'tar,  
Cas-pi-an,     Bis-cay.

You have learned a great deal about the Western world. Let us now cross the Atlantic and visit the Eastern Hemisphere. In what direction would we have to sail?

A steamer from New York or Boston would land us somewhere on the shore of Europe in about seven days.

In what part of the Eastern Continent is Europe?

In the northwestern part.

Bound Europe.

What Ocean is north of Europe?

What Seas are south?

The Mediterranean, Adriatic, Black, and Caspian.

What Mountains are between Europe and Asia on the east?

The Ural Mountains.

What Mountains, on the south?

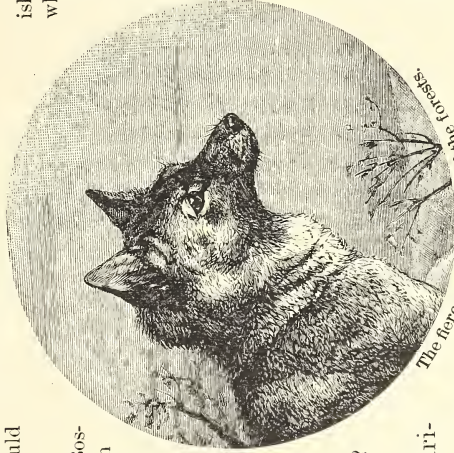
The Caucasus Mountains.

What River and Sea are also between Europe and Asia on the east?

The Ural River and the Caspian Sea.

And what Sea on the south?

Name the bodies of water that lie between Europe and Africa.



The fierce Wolf, scourge of the forests.

The Mediterranean Sea and the Strait of Gibraltar.

What bodies of water does the Strait of Gibraltar connect?

Where is the Bay of Biscay?

### LESSON LIII.

Spell and pronounce these words:

Lon'don,      Hol'land,  
Ed'in-burgh (*our-rath*),    Bel'gi-um,  
Dub'lin,      Den'mark,  
Do'ver,      Switz'er-land,  
Par'is,      Ber'lin,  
Seine,      Co-pen-ha'gen.

West of the Continent lie the British Isles. Find them on the Map. By what other name are they known? Great Britain and Ireland.

Name the two chief countries of Great Britain.

England and Scotland.

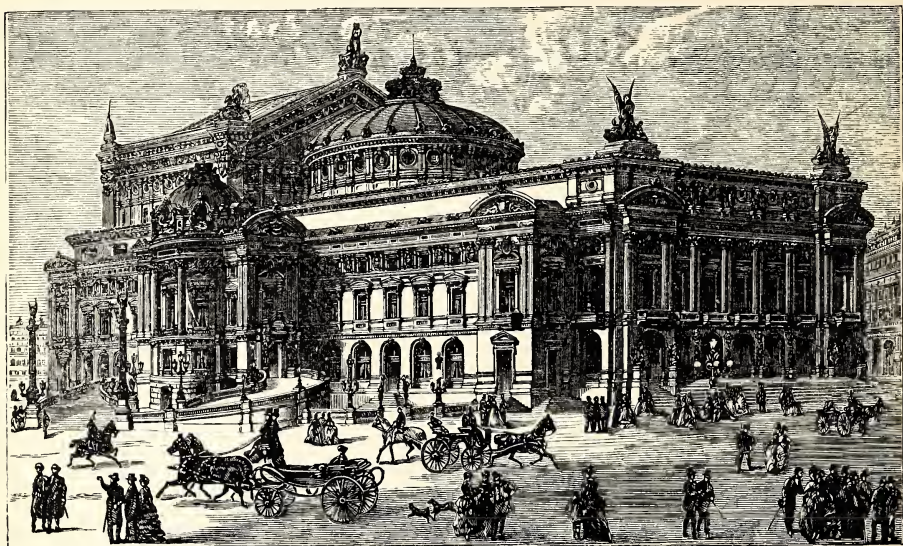
What is the Capital of Great Britain and Ireland?

London, the largest city in the world.

Name the chief city of Scotland.  
Edinburgh.

Name the chief city of Ireland.  
Dublin.

For what is Great Britain noted? For its vast trade, and for the cottons, woollens, and many other useful things made by its people.



This is a picture of the New Opera House in Paris, the Capital of France.

To what country of the Continent is England nearest?

To France.

What waters are between them?

The Strait of Dover and the English Channel.

Name the countries which, with France, form Central Europe.

Holland, Belgium, Denmark, the German Empire, and Switzerland.

Bound France.

Name the Capital.

Paris, on the Seine.

What is Paris?

A gay and beautiful city, the second largest in the world.

Tell me the chief products of France.

Wines, silk, and laces.

What is the Capital of the German Empire?

Berlin.

Do you see the River Rhine? Into what does it flow? For what is the Rhine noted?

For its fine scenery and ruined castles.

What grand Mountains are in Switzerland?

The Alps.

Name the Capital of Denmark.

Copenhagen.

## LESSON LIV.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Swe'den,	Stock'holm,	Fin'land,
Nor'way,	Both'ni-a,	Dwi'na,
Rus'sia,	Lad'o-ga,	St. Pe'ters-burg,
Port'u-gal,	It'a-ly,	Aus'tri-a,
Rou-ma'ni-a,	Bul-ga'ri-a,	Mon-te-ne'gro ( <i>nay</i> ).

What countries make up Northern Europe ?  
Sweden and Norway, and Russia.

What is the Capital of Sweden and Norway ?  
Stockholm.

Bound Russia.

What Sea lies between Sweden and Russia ?  
The Baltic Sea.

Name two arms of this Sea.  
The Gulfs of Bothnia and Finland.

What River flows into the White Sea ?

Name the Capital of Russia.  
St. Petersburg.

Between what Gulf and Lake is this city ?

The longest River in Europe is in Russia ;  
what is its name ?

The Volga.

Into what Sea does the Volga flow ?

What large Island lies northwest of Europe ?

Name the countries that we have not yet  
visited.

Spain and Portugal, Italy, Aus-  
tria, Roumania, Bulgaria, Servia,  
Montenegro, Turkey, and Greece.

What do these countries form ?

They form Southern Europe.

Will you mention the chief products of  
Southern Europe ?

Wines, olive-oil, fruits, and silk.

## LESSON LV.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Pyr'e-nees,	Ta'gus,	Mad-rid',
Lis'bon,	Mes-si'na ( <i>se</i> ),	Sic'i-ly,
Cor'si-ca,	Sar-din'i-a.	Car-pa'thi-an,
Dan'ube,	Con-stan-ti-no'ple,	Ath'ens,
Vi-en'na,	Mat-a-pan',	I-o'ni-an.

What Mountains are between France and  
Spain ?

The Pyrenees Mountains.

What River flows through Spain and Port-  
ugal into the Atlantic Ocean ?

Name the Capital of Spain.

Name the Capital of Portugal.

What city is the Capital of Italy ?

Bound Italy. What Sea is east of Italy ?

What Strait is south ?

The Strait of Messina.

Between Italy and what Island is this Strait ?

Name two other Islands in the western  
part of the Mediterranean.

Corsica and Sardinia.

Bound Austria.

What Mountains are in Austria ?

The Carpathian Mountains.

What is the great river of Austria ?

And the Capital ?

Vienna, on the Danube.

Name the countries that are between Aus-  
tria and Turkey.

What is the Capital of Turkey ?

Constantinople.

What is the Capital of Greece ?

What Islands are west of Greece ?

What Cape is at the south of Greece ?

Cape Matapan.







## LESSON LVI.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Si-be'ri-a,      Si'am,      A-ra'bi-a,  
Tur-kes-tan',      Bur'mah,  
Bo-kha'ra (*kab*),      Hin-do-stan',      Le'na,  
Ja-pan',      Af-ghan-is-tan',      Al-tai',  
A-nam',      Be-loo-chis-tan',      Ar'al.

What Grand Division of the Eastern Continent lies east of Europe ?

Is Asia the largest of the six Grand Divisions ?

Yes, and it has also the most people.

What Mountains, River, and Sea are between Asia and Europe ?

What Ocean is north of Asia ?

What Ocean and Seas are east ?

What Ocean, Bay, and Sea are south ?

Name from the Map the Political Divisions of Asia, beginning in the north with Siberia.

Of what is Siberia a part ?

It is a part of the Russian Empire.

What two Rivers of Siberia flow into the Arctic Ocean ?

The Obi and the Lena.

What Mountains are in the southern part of Siberia ?

The Altai Mountains.

For what is Siberia noted ?

For its gold, gems, and furs.

What other country, southwest of Siberia, belongs to the Russian Empire ?

Russian Turkestan.



Native woman of Asiatic Russia.

Can you find a Sea in Russian Turkestan ?

Yes, the Sea of Aral.

## LESSON LVII.

Spell and pronounce these words :

Chi-nese' Em'pire,      Ho-ang-Ho',  
Chi'na-man,      Yang'tse-Kiang' (*ke*),  
A-moor' (*ab*),      Pe-kin'.

What Empire is south of Siberia ?  
The Chinese Empire.

What Mountains and River lie on the boundary between these two countries ?

The Altai Mountains and the Amoor River.

Name the two Rivers of China.

The Hoang-Ho and the Yang-tse-Kiang.

What is the Capital ?

Pekin, the largest city of Asia.

In what direction is Pekin from the Capital of the State you live in ?

Have you ever seen a Chinaman ?

What Islands are west of the Chinese Empire ?

The Japan Islands, forming "the Island Empire."

Name the great products of China and Japan.

Rice, the food of the people, tea, and silk.

**LESSON LVIII.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Cam-bo'di-a,	Cal-cut'ta,
Gan'ges,	Com'o-rin,
In'dus,	Cey'lon ( <i>se</i> ).
Car'a-van.	

What three countries are south of China?  
Anam, Siam, and Burmah.

Are the people like the Chinese?  
Yes, they belong to the same race.

What River flows through Siam?  
The Cambodia.

Bound Hindostan.

What high Mountains are in the north?  
The Himalaya Mountains.

Name the two Rivers of Hindostan.  
The Ganges and the Indus.

Into what Bay does the Ganges flow?

Into what Sea does the Indus flow?

Where is Calcutta, the Capital of Hindostan?

What Cape is at the southern point of Hindostan?

Cape Comorin.

And what Island is off the coast?  
Ceylon.

What crops do the people of Hindostan, or the Hindoos, raise?

They raise rice, cotton, and jute.

What do they make?

Fine shawls and muslins.

Of what Empire are Hindostan, Ceylon, and Burmah a part?

Of the British Empire.

What two countries are west of Hindostan?

In what pursuits are the tribes of Afghanistan and Beloochistan engaged?

In the raising of horses and cattle, and in the caravan-trade.

What is a caravan?

A company of persons traveling together.

**LESSON LIX.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Je-ru'sa-lem,	Des'erts,	Co'coa-nuts,
Sav'our,	Cam'el,	Ti'ger,
Car'pets,	Ban-an'as,	Hea'then.
Te-heran' (teh-h'rahn').		

Bound Persia.

Name the Capital of Persia.

Teheran is the Capital.

What Gulf lies between Persia and Arabia?  
The Persian Gulf.

What are found in the Persian Gulf?  
White pearls.

West of Persia lies Turkey in Asia. What is the Capital?

Constantinople.

What Sea lies north of Turkey?

What Sea, south and west?

The Mediterranean Sea.

Where is Jerusalem, the scene of our Saviour's death?

For what are both Turkey and Persia noted?

For their carpets, shawls, and silks.

Can you find a Sea lying between southern Turkey and Africa?

Yes, the Red Sea.

What country is south and east of Turkey?  
Arabia.

What are found in Arabia?  
Sandy deserts.

And what animal is used by the Arabs  
as a beast of burden?

The camel.

For what else  
known?

For its fine  
and its coffee.

What fruits  
grow in Asia?

Bananas,  
figs, dates,  
and cocoa-nuts.

What fierce animal  
is found only in  
this Grand Division?

The Tiger.

Name the longest  
River of Asia.

The Yang-  
tse-Kiang.

Where  
is the China  
Sea?

What Islands  
lie east of the China  
Sea?

The Philippine Isl-  
ands.

What large Island lies south of the China  
Sea?

Borneo.

Where is Sumatra?

Name the chief products of these islands.  
Coffee, spices, camphor, and to-  
bacco.

Where are the highest Mountains on the  
earth?

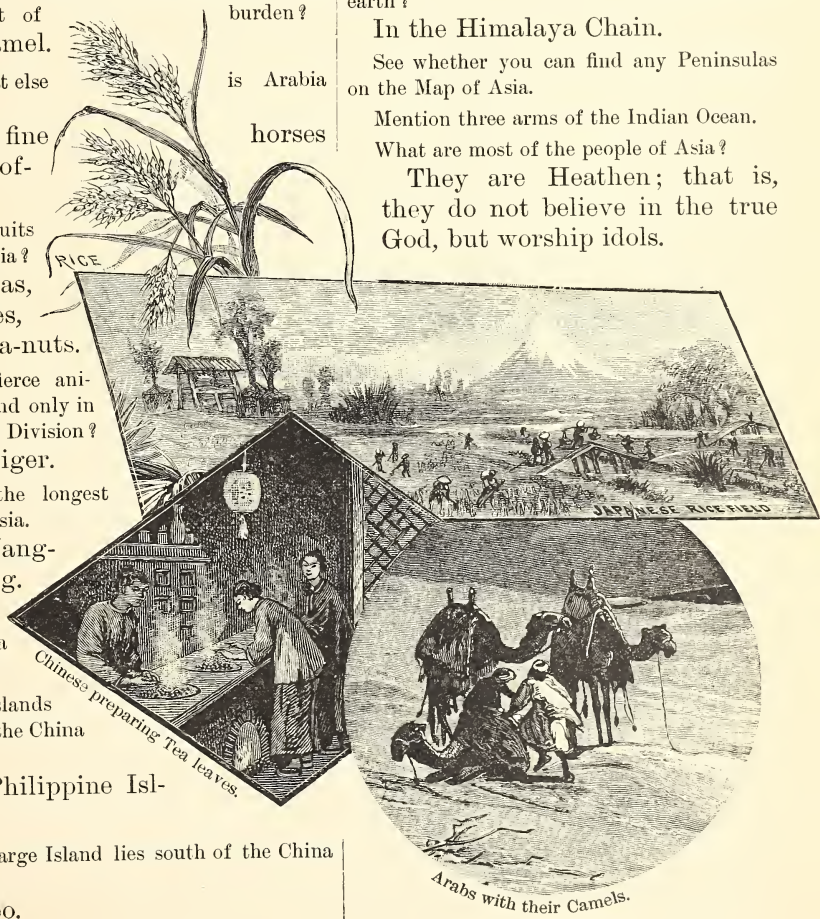
In the Himalaya Chain.

See whether you can find any Peninsulas  
on the Map of Asia.

Mention three arms of the Indian Ocean.

What are most of the people of Asia?

They are Heathen; that is,  
they do not believe in the true  
God, but worship idols.







**LESSON LX.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Mo-roé'co,	E'gypt,
Al-ge'ri-a,	Al-giers',
Tu'nis,	At'las,
Trip'o-li,	Mour-zouk',
Fez-zan',	Sha-ha'ra ( <i>hah</i> ).

We have now visited four of the six Grand Divisions. What are their names? What two remain?

If we should cross the Isthmus of Suez, what Grand Division would we enter?

Africa.

Bound Africa.

What countries are in the northern part of Africa?

Morocco, Algeria, Tunis, Tripoli, Fezzan, and Egypt.

Name the two Capitals of Morocco. Morocco and Fez.

Name the Capital of Algeria.

Algiers.

What Mountains are in Morocco and Algeria?

The Atlas Mountains.

What is the Capital of Tunis? Of Tripoli?

Name the Capital of Fezzan. Mourzouk.

What great Desert is in the north of Africa?

The Desert of Sahara.

**LESSON LXI.**

Spell and pronounce these words :

Cai'ro,	Sou-dan',
Ab-ys-sin'i-a,	Li-be'ri-a,
Mon-ro'vi-a,	Guin'ea,
Nu'bi-a,	Sen-e-gam'bi-a.

Bound Egypt.

In what part of Egypt is Egypt Proper?

In what part is Nubia?

Name the Capital of Egypt. Cairo.

On what River is Cairo?

Bound Abyssinia. Is it mountainous?

What is the Capital of Abyssinia? Gondar.

What countries are south of the Desert of Sahara?

Senegambia and Soudan.

What Mountains in the west of Africa, between Soudan and Guinea?

The Kong Mountains.

Where is Liberia?

Name the Capital of Liberia. Monrovia.

In what part of Africa is Guinea?

What Gulf is west of Guinea?

What Territory is southeast of Abyssinia? Somauli Territory.



**LESSON LXII.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Chris'tian,	Caf-fra'ri-a,	Al'bert,
Zan-gue-bar',	Na-tal',	Vic-to'ri-a,
Mo-zam-bique',	Zu'lu,	Ma-dei'ra (de),
Cape Col'o-ny,	Hot'ten-tot,	Ca-na'ry.

Bound the Congo State.

From what River is the Congo State named?

What are the white people of the Congo State engaged in?

In trading with the natives and spreading the Christian religion among them.

What Mountains are in Eastern Africa?

The Mountains of the Moon.

And what country lies between these Mountains and the Indian Ocean?

Zanguebar.

What country lies south of Zanguebar, on Mozambique Channel?

Mozambique.

What countries make up Southern Africa?

Cape Colony, Caffraria, Natal, Zululand, and the Country of the Hottentots.

Are there Mountains in Southern Africa?

Yes, the Snow Mountains.

Name the Capital of Cape Colony.

Cape Town.

What is the chief pursuit of the people?

The raising of sheep for their wool.

Where is the Cape of Good Hope?

Are there any Lakes in Africa?

Yes, Lakes Albert and Victoria are near the central part of Africa.

Name the Mountain-ranges again.

What Sea is north of Africa?

What Strait connects this Sea with the Atlantic Ocean?

What Sea is east of Egypt?

Name two groups of Islands that lie west of Morocco, in the Atlantic.

The Madeira and the Canary Islands.

**LESSON LXIII.**

Spell and pronounce these words:

Zam-be'si (bay),	I'vo-ry,	Gi-raffe',
Mad-a-gas'car,	Os'trich,	Hip-po-pot'a-mus,
Di'a-monds,	El'e-phant,	Rhi-noc'e-ros.

Name the four great Rivers of Africa.

The Nile, the Congo, the Niger, and the Zambesi.

Of these, which is the longest?

The Nile is the longest.

Where does the Nile rise?

In Lakes Albert and Victoria.

Into what does it flow?

Into what Gulf does the Niger flow?

Tell me about the course of the Congo.

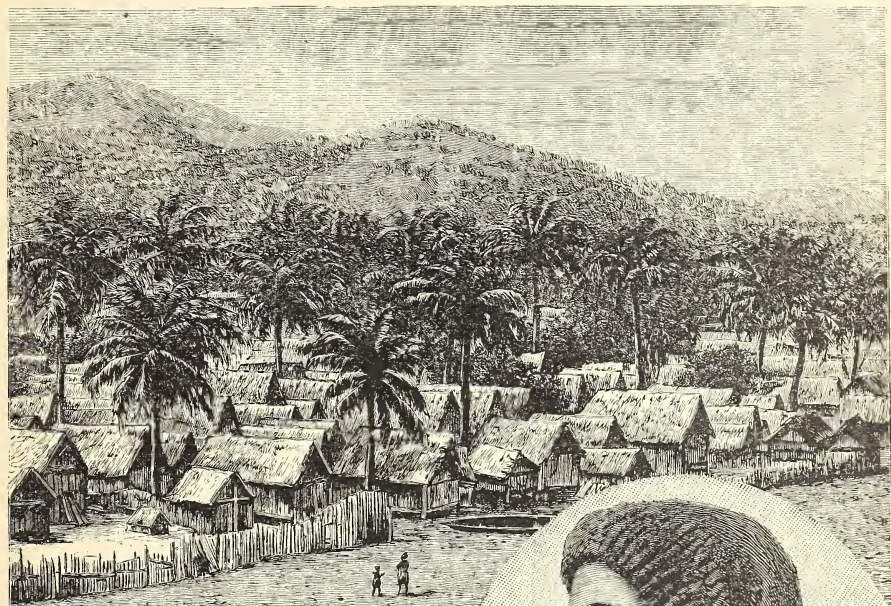
Into what Channel does the Zambesi flow?

Into Mozambique Channel.

What large Island lies east of Mozambique Channel?

Madagascar.

Now will you name the different countries of Africa?



Native African Village.

What are the chief products of this Grand Division ?

Diamonds, gold, ivory, ostrich-feathers, and palm-oil.

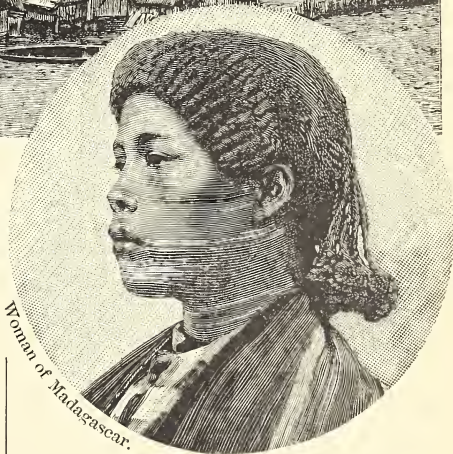
From what is the ivory made ?

From the tusks of the elephant.

What other large animals are there in Africa ?

The lion, the giraffe, the hippopotamus, and the rhinoceros.

(Have you ever seen any of these animals in a menagerie ?)

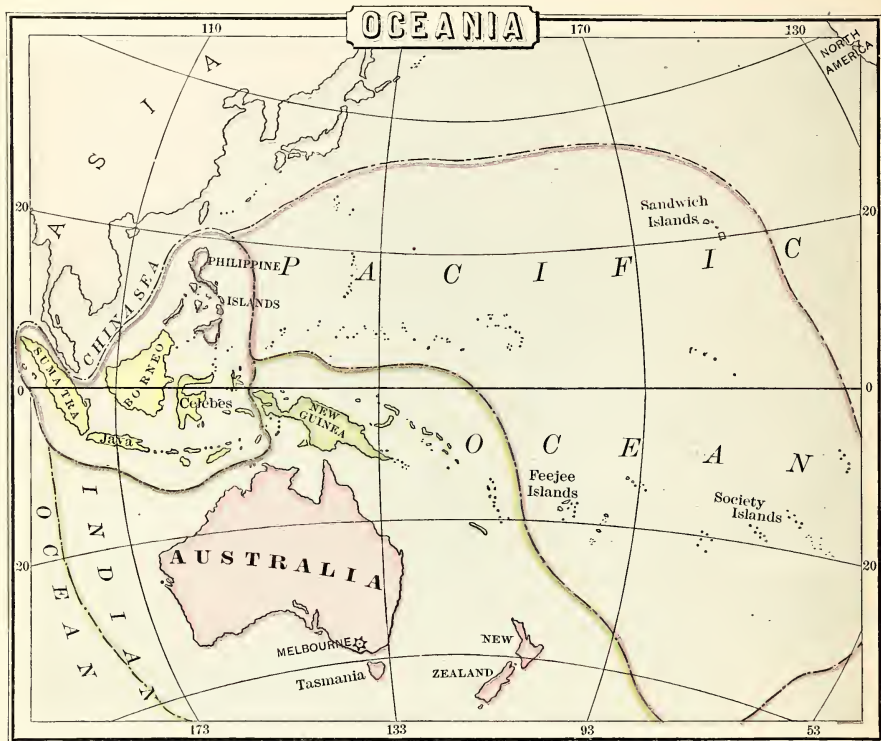


Woman of Madagascar.

What can you tell me of the people of Africa ?

They belong to the black type, and are mostly heathen.





### LESSON LXIV.

Spell and pronounce these words :

O-ce-a'-ni-a (*ah*),  
Mel'bourne,

New Zea'land,  
Tas-ma'ni-a.

What Grand Division remains for us to visit? What Continent is a part of Oceania?

Name the Islands that lie north and north-west of Australia. What Island is south?

Name the largest city of Australia.  
Melbourne.

For what are Australia and New Zealand noted?

For their gold and wool.

When we left America, in what direction did we sail? As we passed through Europe and Asia, in what direction did we travel?

If we should now sail east across the Pacific, we would reach what Grand Division?

By keeping the same direction, then, we can go round the Earth. What shape is the Earth? (Illustrate with a globe.)









THE POPULAR  
CORNELL GEOGRAPHICAL  
SERIES.



STILL RELIABLE.  
ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL.

NEW REVISED EDITIONS.

NOW READY.

*New Illustrations. New Features.*

---

THE SERIES:

CORNELL'S PRIMARY GEOGRAPHY.

CORNELL'S INTERMEDIATE GEOGRAPHY.

CORNELL'S PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

---

LESSONS IN GEOGRAPHY,

FOR LITTLE LEARNERS.

---

D. APPLETON & COMPANY,

NEW YORK, BOSTON, CHICAGO, ATLANTA, SAN FRANCISCO.